

**AD-A234 554**

MISCELLANEOUS PAPER EL-91-6

2

US Army Corps  
of Engineers

## INFORMATION SUMMARY, AREA OF CONCERN: SHEBOYGAN RIVER, WISCONSIN

by

J. G. Skogerboe, C. R. Lee, D. L. Brandon  
J. W. Summers, H. E. Tatem

Environmental Laboratory

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Waterways Experiment Station, Corps of Engineers  
3909 Ha's Ferry Road, Vicksburg, Mississippi 39180-6199



**DTIC**  
**ELECTE**  
**MAY 0 1 1991**  
**S B D**



March 1991

Final Report

Approved For Public Release Distribution Unlimited

**DTIC FILE COPY**

Prepared for: US Environmental Protection Agency  
Great Lakes National Program Office  
Assessment and Remediation of Contaminated Sediment Program  
Chicago, Illinois 60604

Monitored by: US Army Engineer Division, North Central  
Chicago, Illinois 60605-1592

91 4 30 083



**Destroy this report when no longer needed. Do not return  
it to the originator.**

**The findings in this report are not to be construed as an official  
Department of the Army position unless so designated  
by other authorized documents.**

**The contents of this report are not to be used for  
advertising, publication, or promotional purposes.  
Citation of trade names does not constitute an  
official endorsement or approval of the use of  
such commercial products.**

# REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved

OMB No 0703-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0703-0188), Washington, DC 20503.

1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)		2. REPORT DATE March 1991	3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED Final report	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Information Summary, Area of Concern: Sheboygan River, Wisconsin			5. FUNDING NUMBERS	
6. AUTHOR(S) J. G. Skogerboe, C. R. Lee, D. L. Brandon, J. W. Simmers, H. E. Tatem			8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER Miscellaneous Paper EL-91-6	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) USAE Waterways Experiment Station, Environmental Laboratory, 3909 Halls Ferry Road, Vicksburg, MS 39180-6199			10. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) US Environmental Protection Agency, Great Lakes National Program Office, Assessment and Remediation of Contaminated Sediment Program, Chicago, IL 60604  USAE Division, North Central, Chicago, IL 60605-1592				
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Available from National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161				
12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT  Approved for public release; distribution unlimited			12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE	
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)  The Water Quality Act of 1987, Section 118, authorizes the Great Lakes National Program Office (GLNPO) to carry out a 5-year study and demonstration project, Assessment and Remediation of Contaminated Sediment (ARCS), with emphasis on the removal of toxic pollutants from bottom sediments. Information from the ARCS program is to be used to guide the development of Remedial Action Plans (RAPs) for 42 identified Great Lakes Areas of Concern (AOC) as well as Lake-wide Management Plans. The AOCs are areas where serious impairment of beneficial uses of water or biota (drinking, swimming, fishing, navigation, etc.) is known to exist, or where environmental quality criteria are exceeded to the point that such impairment is likely. Priority consideration was given to the following AOCs: Saginaw Bay, MI; Sheboygan Harbor, WI; Grand Calumet River, IN; Ashtabula River, OH; and Buffalo River, NY.  (Continued)				
14. SUBJECT TERMS  See reverse			15. NUMBER OF PAGES 61	
			16. PRICE CODE	
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT UNCLASSIFIED	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE UNCLASSIFIED	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	

13. (Concluded).

The Environmental Laboratory of the US Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station (WES) was asked to review existing data and information for each of the five priority AOCs. The approach used by WES was to bring together WES scientists who have been conducting research on the various aspects of contaminant mobility in the aquatic environment and develop a list of information required to evaluate the potential for contaminant mobility. A team of WES scientists then visited the RAP coordinator and associated staff for each AOC. Corps Districts responsible for the navigation projects in each AOC were also visited.

This report summarizes the information obtained for the Sheboygan River AOC. It is arranged for information retrieval by subject in a quick and easy manner (GLNPO Subject-Reference Matrix). Data and information from numerous reports have been included as figures and tables; wherever possible, reference sources are identified.

14. (Concluded).

Fish tissue concentrations  
Groundwater  
Land use

Metal contamination  
Pesticides  
Point and non-point source discharges



Accession For	
NTIS GRA&I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DTIC TAB	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unannounced	<input type="checkbox"/>
Justification	
By	
Distribution/	
Availability Codes	
Dist	Avail and/or Special
A-1	

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Water Quality Act of 1987, Section 118, authorizes the Great Lakes National Program Office (GLNPO) to carry out a 5-year study and demonstration project, Assessment and Remediation of Contaminated Sediment (ARCS), with emphasis on the removal of toxic pollutants from bottom sediments. Information from the ARCS program is to be used to guide the development of Remedial Action Plans (RAPs) for 42 identified Great Lakes Areas of Concern (AOC) as well as Lake-wide Management Plans. The AOCs are areas where serious impairment of beneficial uses of water or biota (drinking, swimming, fishing, navigation, etc.) is known to exist, or where environmental quality criteria are exceeded to the point that such impairment is likely. Priority consideration was given to the following five AOCs: Saginaw Bay, Michigan; Sheboygan Harbor, Wisconsin; Grand Calumet River, Indiana; Ashtabula River, Ohio; and Buffalo River, New York.

The ARCS program is to be completed during the period 1988-1992. The overall objectives of the ARCS program are:

- a. To assess the nature and extent of bottom sediment contamination at selected Great Lakes AOC.
- b. To evaluate and demonstrate remedial options, including removal, immobilization, and advanced treatment technologies, as well as "No-Action" alternatives.
- c. To provide guidance on assessment and remedial action to the various levels of government in the US and Canada in the implementation of RAPs for the areas of concern, as well as direction for future evaluations in other areas.

The Environmental Laboratory (EL) of the US Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station (WES) was asked to review existing data and information for each of the five priority AOCs. The approach used by WES was to bring together WES scientists who have been conducting research on the various aspects of contaminant mobility in the aquatic environment and develop a list of information (Table 1) required to evaluate the potential for contaminant mobility. All contaminant migration pathways were considered and are shown in Figure 1. A team of WES scientists then visited the RAP coordinator and associated staff for each AOC. Corps Districts responsible for the navigation projects in each AOC were also visited. During these meetings discussions

centered around what information was available for each item on the list of information developed by WES. Sources of additional information were obtained from the discussions.

This report summarizes the information obtained for the Sheboygan River AOC. The report attempts to retrieve information by subject in a quick and easy manner (GLNPO Subject-Reference Matrix). Data and information from numerous reports have been included as figures and tables. Wherever possible, references are given for the included data and information.

## PREFACE

This report presents a summary of existing data and information related to the Sheboygan River Area of Concern. The study was conducted by the US Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station (WES) during the period August 1988 through 15 December 1988 and August 1989 through September 1989. WES personnel included Dr. C. R. Lee, Soil Scientist; Dr. J. W. Simmers, Research Biologist; Dr. H. E. Tatem, Aquatic Biologist, Mr. D. L. Brandon, Statistician; and Mr. J. G. Skogerboe, Physical Scientist, all of the Contaminant Mobility and Regulatory Criteria Group (CMRCG). Work was performed under the supervision of Dr. L. H. Saunders, Chief, CMRCG; Mr. D. L. Robey, Chief, Ecosystem Research and Simulation Division (ERSD); and Dr. J. Harrison, Chief, Environmental Laboratory. The study was initially conducted under the general supervision of Mr. D. Cowgill, NCD, and Mr. T. Kizlauskas, USEPA Great Lakes National Program Office (GLNPO). The study was later conducted under the supervision of Mr. J. Miller, NCD, and Mr. D. Cowgill, USEPA GLNPO.

Generous cooperation and assistance in locating existing data and information were given by Mr. D. Cowgill, USEPA GLNPO; Mr. J. Miller, US Army Engineer District (USAED), Chicago; Messrs. D. Bowman and F. Snitz, Planning Division, USAED, Detroit; and Ms. Lynn Persson and Ms. Linda Talbot, WDNR.

Commanders and Directors of WES during the preparation of this report were COL Dwayne G. Lee, CE, and COL Larry B. Fulton, EN. Technical Director was Dr. Robert W. Whalin.

This report should be cited as follows:

Skogerboe, J. G., Lee, C. R., Brandon, D. L., Simmers, J. W., and Tatem, H. E. 1991. "Information Summary, Area of Concern: Sheboygan River, Wisconsin," Miscellaneous Paper EL-91-6, US Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, MS.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY.....	1
PREFACE.....	3
CONVERSION FACTORS, NON-SI TO SI (METRIC) UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.....	5
PART I: INTRODUCTION.....	6
Background.....	6
Purpose.....	6
Scope.....	7
Abbreviations.....	7
PART II: SUMMARY OF INFORMATION.....	8
AOC Boundaries.....	8
Contaminants of Concern.....	8
Levels of Contaminants.....	8
Volume of Sediment.....	9
Sediment Data.....	9
Water Quality Data.....	9
Point Source Discharges.....	10
Non-Point Discharges.....	10
Waterway Hydraulics/Watershed Hydrology Data.....	10
Air Quality.....	11
Potential Hazardous Waste Sites/Superfund Sites.....	11
Spills.....	11
Adjacent Land Use.....	11
Bioassay Data.....	12
Biological Data.....	12
Risk Assessment.....	12
GLNPO Subject-Reference Matrix.....	13
REFERENCES.....	16
POINTS OF CONTACT.....	18
TABLES 1-21	
FIGURES 1-12	



## LIST OF TABLES

- Table 1. List of Information and Data Required to Evaluate In-Place Contaminated Sediments.
- Table 2. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. Summary of Sample Quantities.
- Table 3. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. Summary of Harbor Sediment Samples.
- Table 4. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. River Sediment Summary.
- Table 5. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. River Sediment - HSL Data Summary.
- Table 6. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. Total Organic Carbon and Particle Size Data.
- Table 7. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. Surface Soils Data Summary.
- Table 8. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. Moderate Flow: Water Column Field Data.
- Table 9. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. Moderate Flow: Water Column Analytical Results.
- Table 10. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. Water Column Analytical Results.
- Table 11. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. High Flow: Filtration Data.
- Table 12. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. High Flow: Particulate Analytical Results.
- Table 13. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report. Low Flow: Water Column Volatile Organic Analysis.
- Table 14. USGS Water Resources Data, Sheboygan River, Water Year 1988.
- Table 15. Permeability Tests.
- Table 16. Summary of VOCs Detected in Monitor Wells at Kohler Company Landfill Site.
- Table 17. Land Uses in Sheboygan Township (1980).
- Table 18. Location, Depth, and PCB Content of Sheboygan Harbor Sediment Samples.
- Table 19. Distribution of Organisms in Treatments.
- Table 20. Regressions of Percent Lipid Over Time.
- Table 21. Calculated Data Using Time-Sequence Sampled Residues and Simple Kinetic Model for Fresh Weight and Dry Weight Dichlorobiphenyls in Organisms Exposed to PCB-Contaminated Sheboygan Harbor Sediments.

## LIST OF FIGURES

- Figure 1. Contaminant migration pathways for evaluation of in-place contaminated sediments
- Figure 2. Location of Sheboygan River, Wisconsin
- Figure 3. Sheboygan River AOC boundaries
- Figure 4. Example of maps identifying areas of PCB contamination in the Sheboygan River AOC
- Figure 5. Location of water column sampling locations in Sheboygan River and Harbor
- Figure 6. The Sheboygan River Basin
- Figure 7. Sheboygan Harbor
- Figure 8. Slug in #2, Well 3R
- Figure 9. Geologic drill log
- Figure 10. Log of rock core
- Figure 11. The Fish consumption advisory for the Sheboygan AOC
- Figure 12. The wildlife consumption advisory for the Sheboygan AOC

CONVERSION FACTORS, NON-SI TO SI (METRIC)  
UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

Non-SI units of measurement used in this report can be converted to SI (metric) units as follows:

<u>Multiply</u>	<u>By</u>	<u>To Obtain</u>
acres	0.4047	hectares
cubic yards	0.7646	cubic metres
gallons (US liquid)	3.7854	litres
inches	2.5400	centimetres
miles (US statute)	1.6093	kilometres
pounds (mass)	0.4536	kilograms
square miles	2.5900	square kilometres
tons (2,000 pounds, mass)	907.1847	kilograms

## INFORMATION SUMMARY, AREA OF CONCERN:

### SHEBOYGAN RIVER, WISCONSIN

#### PART I: INTRODUCTION

##### Background

The Water Quality Act of 1987, Section 118, authorizes the Great Lakes National Program Office (GLNPO) to carry out a five-year study and demonstration project, Assessment and Remediation of Contaminated Sediment (ARCS), with emphasis on the removal of toxic pollutants from bottom sediments. Information from the ARCS program is to be used to guide the development of Remedial Action Plans (RAPs) for 42 identified Great Lakes Areas of Concern (AOC) as well as Lake-wide Management Plans (Figure 2).

The AOCs are areas where serious impairment of beneficial uses of water or biota (drinking, swimming, fishing, navigation, etc.) is known to exist, or where environmental quality criteria are exceeded to the point that such impairment is likely. Priority consideration was given to the following five AOCs: Saginaw Bay, Michigan; Sheboygan Harbor, Wisconsin; Grand Calumet River, Indiana; Ashtabula River, Ohio; and Buffalo River, New York.

Each state has established RAP coordinators to develop a RAP for each AOC. Most RAP coordinators state that there is a need to develop guidance to interpret the information in a manner that will allow decisions to be made about each AOC. The following summarizes the status of the RAP report for the five priority AOCs:

<u>Area of Concern</u>	<u>Status</u>
Saginaw Bay, MI	Final RAP - September 1988
Grand Calumet River, IN	Draft RAP - January 1988
Sheboygan Harbor, WI	Draft RAP - December 1988
Buffalo River, NY	Final RAP - November 1989
Ashtabula River, OH	Draft RAP - September 1989

##### Purpose

The purpose of this report is to summarize the information collected during meetings with RAP Coordinators and Corps Districts to find out what information was available on contaminant migration at each of the five priority AOCs.

### Scope

Information collected during visits to RAP Coordinators and Corps Districts is summarized. Sources of additional information have been referenced so that these sources could be contacted at a later date. Documents that were mentioned during meetings with RAP coordinators, but were not available at that time, are referenced so that these documents can be obtained, if desired. Retrieval of information by subject in a quick and easy manner was a goal of this report.

### Abbreviations

A list of abbreviations used in this report follows:

#### ABBREVIATIONS

USEPA V - US Environmental Protection Agency Region V.

USEPA II - US Environmental Protection Agency Region II.

USACOE - US Army Corps of Engineers.

USGS - US Geological Survey.

DNR - Department of Natural Resources.

## PART II: SUMMARY OF INFORMATION

Considerable information was available on the Sheboygan River AOC, however, most of the information was not available from the RAP coordinator when visited by the WES personnel. The available information was summarized in the Subject-Reference Matrix, where information known to exist but not immediately available was included. In addition numerous potential points of contact (POCs) were identified by the WES during discussions with the RAP coordinator. The POCs have also been tabulated and incorporated into the Subject-Reference Matrix, but no effort has been initiated, at the time of this report, to contact the POCs.

### AOC Boundaries

The Sheboygan River Area of Concern (AOC) is generally located on the Wisconsin side of Lake Michigan at the city of Sheboygan, WI (Figure 2). The AOC encompasses the lower Sheboygan River from the Sheboygan Falls Dam to Lake Michigan and includes the nearshore of Lake Michigan (Figure 3). The cities of Sheboygan, Sheboygan Falls, and the village of Kohler are included in the AOC which has a total area of 22 square miles\* of land and 13.9 miles of stream (PUBL-WR-211-88).

### Contaminants of Concern

Contaminants of concern include polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), dioxins, chlorinated furans, polyaromatic hydrocarbons, heavy metals, phosphorus, nitrogen, suspended solids, and fecal coliform bacteria. Toxic substances such as PCBs and heavy metals were of particular concern in the AOC. Several PCB aroclors including 1242, 1248, and 1254 were also important.

### Levels of Contaminants

Concentrations of PCBs ranged from 0.07 ppm to 4,500 ppm in river sediment, but 70 percent were less than 20 ppm (Sheboygan River RAP, 1988).

---

\* A table of factors for converting non-SI units of measurement to SI (metric) units is presented on page 5.

Concentrations in Sheboygan Harbor ranged from less than 0.025 ppm to 220 ppm. Data from riverbank soil was also available and ranged from 0.025 ppm to 71 ppm total PCBs.

#### Volume of Sediment

No data were available in the information collected from the RAP coordinator concerning volumes of sediment in the AOC. However this information may exist in other literature or might be calculated from existing data.

#### Sediment Data

Based on the list of references and the Subject-Reference Matrix, considerable sediment data appeared to be generally available, however most of the sediment data were not available from the RAP coordinator when visited by WES personnel. The Sheboygan River Remedial Action Plan (1988) indicated that sediment data were available for PCBs, PAHs, dioxin, furans, heavy metals, and nutrients. Numerous sediment samples have been collected throughout the AOC and when summarized, may provide a clear picture of the distribution of contaminants both laterally and with depth. The Remedial Action Plan concentrated primarily on sediment PCBs, and only listed ranges of PCB concentrations for different reaches in the AOC.

Sediment and surface soil samples were collected in 1987 and 1988 by the USEPA (1988) as part of a remedial investigation, and these data were provided to WES (Table 2). Sediment analysis included PCB isomers, heavy metals, dioxin, furans, particle size, and TOC (Tables 3-7). Samples were collected over the entire AOC, and the results were plotted on large-scale, detailed maps defining the areas of contamination as well as possible remedial action alternatives (Figure 4).

#### Water Quality Data

As with the sediment data, considerable water quality data appeared to be generally available in the literature, however this information was not available from the RAP coordinator. The Sheboygan River Remedial Action Plan did provide concentration ranges over different AOC reaches, particularly for

PCBs. Several potential sources for additional water quality data are listed in the Subject-Reference Matrix and in the References.

Water column samples were collected in 1987 and 1988 at seven locations (Figure 5) by the USEPA (1988), and these data were provided to WES. Samples were collected during low, moderate, and high flow periods; and chemical analysis included PCB isomers, heavy metals, dioxin, furans, particle size, and TOC (Tables 8-13).

#### Point Source Discharges

Several point source discharges were identified in the Sheboygan River Remedial Action Plan, particularly with respect to sources of PCBs:

- a. City of Sheboygan Wastewater Treatment Plant
- b. City of Sheboygan Incinerator
- c. Twenty-four WPDES permitted industries within the AOC
- d. Kohler Co.

The RAP also indicated the need for further investigation to identify additional point source discharges. Three other potential sources of information were identified, but were not available from the AOC coordinator.

#### Non-Point Discharges

Only general information on potential sources of non-point source discharge was available in the RAP including agricultural, urban, and home pesticide use. A number of additional sources of information were identified but have not been acquired.

#### Waterway Hydraulics/Watershed Hydrology Data

Several sources of waterway hydraulics data were identified. Some general information was available from the Sheboygan River RAP (Figures 6 and 7), however, other sources will have to be contacted for more detailed information. The best sources of waterway hydraulics data should be USGS and US Army Corps of Engineers. A USGS gaging station is located 4.2 miles upstream from Sheboygan Harbor from which daily discharge measurements are collected (Sheboygan River RAP, 1988). An example of the data collected in 1988 is presented in Table 14. The mean, maximum, and minimum recorded discharge



reported by the Sheboygan River RAP were 258, 7,680, and 1 cfs, respectively. Additional information regarding the geology and groundwater hydrology were reported in the Draft Kohler Company Landfill RI/FS, 1989 (Figures 8-10 and Table 15).

#### Air Quality

Air quality data are collected at several locations in the AOC (Baggott et al. 1986) including the cities of Sheboygan, Kewaunee, and Manitowoc. Monitored parameters included sulfur dioxide, total suspended particulates, and ozone, and only ozone exceeded ambient air quality standards in the AOC (Sheboygan River RAP 1988). Actual data were not, however, available from the RAP coordinator.

#### Potential Hazardous Waste Sites/Superfund Sites

Two Superfund Sites have been designated in the AOC: (a) Kohler Company Landfill Site, and (b) Sheboygan River and Harbor. A draft Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study report was recently completed for the Kohler Company Landfill Site (Kohler Company 1989). The report includes geologic and groundwater hydrology information as well as soil and groundwater chemical analysis for volatile organics, base neutral and acid extractables, inorganics, and PCBs (Table 16).

#### Spills

No information or potential sources of information were identified regarding spills.

#### Adjacent Land Use

A summary of adjacent land use was included in the Sheboygan Township (Table 17).

### Bioassay Data

Some bioassay studies were conducted to determine potential animal uptake and bioaccumulation of PCBs. Examples of data collected by McFarland et al. (1985) are presented in Tables 18 - 21.

### Biological Data

A number of sources of information for biological data appear to exist; however, most were not available from the RAP coordinator. The Sheboygan River RAP provided a summary of the data particularly for PCB tissue content in fish but no actual data or sample site locations. Additional information exist for fish diversity and quantity, birds, mammals, earthworms, and human content. The Sheboygan River RAP also provided information concerning fish and waterfowl consumption advisories (Figures 11 and 12).

### Risk Assessment

No risk assessment studies were identified.

# GLNPO SUBJECT-REFERENCE MATRIX

AREA OF CONCERN: Sheboygan River

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Reference (R1, R2)</u>	<u>Point of Contact (P1, P2)</u>
Sediment	R6, R7, R8, R20, R23, R24, R26, R27	P4, P9
Metals	R29, R27	
PCBs	R2, R3, R4, R12, R16, R27, R29	
PAHs	R2, R27, R29	
Pesticides	R2	
TOC	R27, R29	
Others (specify) Dioxin	R2, R29	
Furans	R2, R29	
Misc.	R27	
Particle Size	R27, R29	
Engineering Properties		
Deposition Data	R29	
Transport Data	R29	
Depth Data	R23, R29	
Horizontal Distribution	R29	
Volume To Be Considered	R29	
Water Quality	R5, R7, R24	P5, P8, P9, P10
Physical Data	R27, R29	
Temperature	R27, R29	
DO	R27, R29	
Conductivity	R27	
Hardness	R27	
Total Solids	R27, R29	
Chemical Data	R29	
pH	R27, R29	
TOC		
Metals	R27	
PCBs	R2, R12, R16, R22, R27	
PAHs	R2	
Pesticides	R2	
BOD		

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Reference (R1, R2)</u>	<u>Point of Contact (P1, P2)</u>
Other (specify) Dioxin	R2	
Furans	R2	
Nutrients	R27	
Bacteria	R29	
Waterway Hydraulics	R25	P7, P20
Flow Data	R27, R29	
Water Depth	R27, R29	
Flood Data	R29	
Point Discharges	R19, R24	P4
Concentration Data	R29	
Volume Data	R29	
Waste Load Data	R29	
Non-Point Discharges	R19, R24, R29	P22, P2, P11
Concentration Data	R1	P1
Volume Data		P1
Waste Load Data		P1
Watershed Hydrology	R19, R24, R25, R29	
Rainfall Data	R29	
Acid Rain		
Runoff Data	R29	
Volume	R29	
Solids		
Chemical Data		
(Specify)		
Air		
Air Quality Data	R29	P9
Atmospheric Deposition	R29	P3, P14
Superfund Sites	R13, R29	
Adjacent Land Use	R24, R29	
Contaminant Sources	R29	
Risk Assessment		
Bioassay Data	R24	
Acute		
Chronic		
Bioaccumulation	R15, R18	

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Reference (R1, R2)</u>	<u>Point of Contact (P1, P2)</u>
Biological Data	R24, R29	P9, P12
Fish	R29	P12
Diversity	R29	
Quantity	R29	
Tissue Content	R6, R14, R15, R17, R29	P12, P23
Benthic		
Diversity		
Abundance		
Content		
Birds	R9, R29	P12
Diversity		
Quantity	R29	
Contents	R9, R29	
Plants		
Diversity		
Abundance		
Contents		
Mammals	R29	
Endangered Species		
Other Earthworms	R15	
Humans	R21	

## REFERENCES

- R1. Bannerman, R., M. Bohn, K. Baun, D. Armstrong, and J. Perry. 1984. "Nonpoint Source Monitoring Program for Wisconsin River Tributaries to Lake Michigan," WDNR, report prepared under EPA grant R005422-02, WDNR, Madison, Wisconsin.
- R2. Baumann, P. C., and D. M. Whittle. 1988. "The Status of Selected Organics in the Laurentian Great Lakes; An Overview of DDT, PCBs, Dioxins, Furans, and Aromatic Hydrocarbons," *Aquatic Toxicology* 11:241-257.
- R3. Bode, J. B., and N. T. O'Reilly. 1978. "PCB Content in Sheboygan River Sediments," Internal Technical Report, WDNR, Southeast District, Milwaukee, WI.
- R4. Bremer, K. E. 1978. "PCB Contaminant of the Sheboygan River, Indiana Harbor and Saginaw River and Bay," Management of Bottom Sediments Containing Toxic Substances, Proceedings of the Fourth U.S.-Japan Experts' Meeting, Tokyo, Japan, October 1978, EPA-600/3-79-102.
- R5. Blasland and Bouch Engineers. 1988. "Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report Sheboygan River and Harbor," Vol 2 of 2, Report prepared for Foley & Lardner/Tecumseh Products Company, Syracuse, NY.
- R6. DeVault, D. S., J. M. Clark, G. Lahvis, and J. Weishaar. 1988. "Contaminants and Trends in Fall Run Coho Salmon," *J. Great Lakes Res.* 14(1):23-33, *Internat. Assoc. Great Lakes Res.*
- R7. Donohue and United Design Associates. 1985. "Sheboygan Marina Feasibility Study," 1985.
- R8. Federal Water Pollution Control Administration-Great Lakes Region-Lake Michigan Basin Office. 1969. "Report on the Degree of Pollution of Bottom Sediments in Sheboygan Harbor."
- R9. Heinz, G. H., D. M. Swineford, and D. E. Katsma. 1984. "High PCB residues in Birds from the Sheboygan River, Wisconsin," *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment* 4:155-161, 1984.
- R10. Hunter, J. M., "Fish Toxic Survey System, Detail Design,"
- R11. International Joint Commission. 1987. "Report on Great Lakes Water Quality," Great Lakes Water Quality Board Report to the International Joint Commission, Windsor, Ontario, Canada.
- R12. Kleinert, S. 1978. "Final Report on the Investigation of PCBs in the Sheboygan River System," Internal Technical Report, WDNR, Madison, WI.
- R13. Kohler Company. 1989. "Draft Kohler Company Landfill RI/FS: Phase II Technical Memorandum. Kohler Company, Kohler, WI.
- R14. Maack, L., and W. Sonzogni. 1988. "Analysis of Polychlorobiphenyl Congeners in Wisconsin Fish," *Arch. Environ. Contam. Toxicol.*
- R15. Mac, M., C. Edsall, and R. Hesselberg. 1985. "Accumulation of PCBs and Hg by Fish and Earthworms During Field and Laboratory Exposures to Green Bay Sediments," Administrative Report No. 85-4. USFWS-GLFL/AR-85-4.
- R16. Marti, E. A. 1984. "Polychlorinated Biphenyls in Sixteen Lake Michigan Tributaries," MS Thesis, Water Chemistry, University of Wisconsin-Madison.

- R17. Masnado, R. 1985. "PCB Concentrations of Eight Salmonid Species from the Wisconsin Waters of Lake Michigan."
- R18. McFarland, V. A., J. U. Clarke, and A. B. Gibson. 1985. "Bioaccumulation of Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) from Sheboygan Harbor Wisconsin Sediments in Laboratory Exposures," US Army Corps of Engineers Waterways Experiment Station, unpublished report. US COE.
- R19. Meyer, W. D. et al. 1988. "Sheboygan River Basin Water Quality Management Plan," Wisconsin DNR PUBL-WR-200-88. Madison, WI.
- R20. Sheboygan County Water Quality Task Force. 1987. "Planning and Management for the Removal of Contaminated Sediments from the Sheboygan River and Harbor," Report to the city of Sheboygan, Sheboygan, WI.
- R21. Smith, B. J. 1984. "PCB Levels in Human Fluids: Sheboygan Case Study," Technical Report WIS-SG-93-240.
- R22. Swackhamer, D. L., and D. E. Armstrong, "Distribution and Characterization of PCBs in Lake Michigan Water," J. Great Lakes Res 13(1):24-36.
- R23. Swackhamer, D. L., and D. E. Armstrong. 1988. "Horizontal and Vertical Distribution of PCBs in Southern Lake Michigan Sediments and the Effect of Waukegan Harbor as a Point Source," J. Great Lakes Res. 14(3):277-290, Internat. Assoc. Great Lakes Res.
- R24. US Army Corps of Engineers. 1979. "Draft Environmental Impact Statement Relating to Operation and Maintenance at Sheboygan Harbor, Wisconsin," DOA, Chicago District, COE, Chicago, IL.
- R25. US Army Corps of Engineers. 1988. "Phase I, Revised Report on Great Lakes Open-Coast Flood Levels," US Army Corps of Engineers for Federal Emergency Management Agency, Detroit. Michigan.
- R26. US Environmental Protection Agency. 1974. "Report on the Degree of Pollution of Bottom Sediments, Sheboygan Harbor, Wisconsin," Great Lakes Surveillance Branch.
- R27. US Environmental Protection Agency. 1989. Unpublished Data from Remedial Investigation of the Sheboygan River and Harbor.
- R28. US Geological Survey. 1989. Water Resources Data - Wisconsin, Water Year 1988. May 1989.
- R29. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources. 1988. "The Sheboygan River Remedial Action Plan, Public Review Draft," PUBL-WR-211-88, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Southeast District Headquarters, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
- R30. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources. 1988. "1988 Guide to Wisconsin Hook and Line Fishing Regulations," PUBL-FM-301, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.
- R31. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources. 1987. "Order of the State of Wisconsin Natural Resources Board Repealing and Recreating and Creating Rules," SW-19-87, Department of Natural Resources, State of Wisconsin, 1988.
- R32. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources. 1988. "Order of the State of Wisconsin Natural Resources Board Repealing and Recreating Rules," WZ-20-87, Department of Natural Resources, State of Wisconsin.

# POINTS OF CONTACT

<u>Person</u>	<u>Area of Expertise</u>	<u>Location/telephone</u>
P1 Bannerman	Non Point Source Discharges	International Technical Committee
P2 Citizen Group Task Force	Non Point Source Discharges	
P3 Eisinwyk, Steve	Atmospheric Deposition	University of Minnesota
P4 Eleder, Bonny	Sediment and Point Source Discharges	United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region V (312-886-4885)
P5 Holmstron, Barry	Water Quality	United States Geological Survey (608-274-3535)
P6 Information Services Center	General Information	Michigan DNR (517-373-1220)
P7 NOAA/NOS/OMA-Great Lakes Acquisition Unit-Lake Levels	Waterway Hydraulics	
P8 Norman, Vernon	Water Quality	United States Geological Survey (608-274-3535)
P9 Persson, Lynn	RAP Coordinator for Sheboygan River, Wisconsin	Department of Natural Resources (608-266-9267)
P10 Snitz, Frank	Water Quality	United States Army Engineer District, Detroit Detroit, Michigan
P11 Schultz, Paul	Non Point Source Discharges	Plymouth, Wisconsin (414-892-8756)
P12 STORET	Contaminant Concentrations in Fish	United States Environmental Protection Agency
P13 Sullivan, John		Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (608-267-9753)
P14 Swakhammer, Debra	Atmospheric Deposition	University of Wisconsin



<u>Person</u>	<u>Area of Expertise</u>	<u>Location/telephone</u>
P15 Talbot, Linda	RAP Coordinator for Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources	Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources
P16 Tecumseh Products		Sheboygan, Wisconsin
P17 US Army Engineer District, Chicago	Sediment and Water Quality	Chicago, Illinois
P18 US Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station		Vicksburg, Mississippi (601-636-3111)
P19 US Environmental Protection Agency, Region V		
P20 US Geological Survey	Water Quality	Madison, Wisconsin
P21 Wilhelm, Gerould	Plants	Morton Arboretum Illinois
P22 Wilford, Wayne	Non Point Source Discharges	EPA-GLNPO Chicago, Illinois
P23 Whitman, Paul	Fish Tissue Content	CENCC-PD-S Chicago District Chicago, Illinois

Table 1. List of Information and Data Required to Evaluate  
In-Place Contaminated Sediments

1. SEDIMENT DATA

Water Content	OG
Hydrous Oxides (Manganese, ferrous)	EC
Total PAHs	Redox
Total PCBs (Aroclors and Congeners)	Sulfides
TOC	SOD
Total Solids	Volatile Solids
OM	Salinity
EP Test	NH3
CEC (plus calcium, magnesium phosphorus, potassium concentration in extractant)	
Atterberg Limits	
Specific Gravity Determination	
Dispersion Coefficients	
Sediment Particle Density	
Bulk Density	
Permeability	
Particle Size Distribution (hydrometer method); (include sand, fine sand, silt and clay)	
Wet Sediment pH (1:2 sediment to distilled water solution)	
Dry Sediment pH (1:2 sediment to distilled water solution)	
% Base Saturation	
% Free Calcium Carbonate	
Potential pH or Lime Requirement (using titration or similar method)	
Total Carbon Content	
Total Soluble Heavy Metal Content	
Total Heavy Metal Content	
Surface Runoff Suspended Solids	
Wet Sediment Extractable Heavy Metal Content (DTPA preferred)	
Dry Sediment Extractable Heavy Metal Content (DTPA preferred)	
Depth (thickness) of Mixed Top Sediment Layer	
Depth (thickness) of Contaminated Sediment Layers	
Sedimentation Rate (possibly through core dating)	
Sediment Deposition History	
Suspended Solids Settling Rates (possibly through sediment traps)	
Consolidation Characteristics	
Sediment Porosity (mixed layer and deeper layers)	
Pesticides	
Priority Pollutants (40 CFR Part 136)	
Dioxin	
Reference Site	

2. POINT DISCHARGES INTO WATERWAY

Contaminant Loads Based on Concentration and Volumetric  
Flow Rates  
Surface Runoff During Storm Events  
Combined Sewer Overflow

(Continued)

(Sheet 1 of 3)

Table 1. (Continued)

- 
3. NONPOINT DISCHARGES INTO WATERWAY
    - Ground Water: Information on Geohydrology and Ground Water Characteristics
    - Atmospheric Deposition
  4. LAND USE OF ADJACENT PROPERTIES
  5. CONTAMINATED SITES
    - Hazardous Waste
    - Superfund
    - Spill
  6. WATERSHED HYDROLOGY
    - Wetlands
  7. WATERWAY HYDRAULICS & FLOW
    - Hydrology or Flows Through the System
    - Area of Bottom Contamination
    - Water Depth at Area of Contamination
    - Contaminant Waste Loads to System
    - Floods
  8. WATER QUALITY DATA
    - DOC                      TOC
    - DO                        Hardness
    - BOD                      PH
    - Metals                    Conductivity
    - PAHs                     Temperature
    - PCBs                     Total Solids
    - Total Suspended Solids (distributed in time and space)
    - Best Estimates of Partition Coefficients for Low (water column) and High (bottom sediments) Sediment Concentrations
    - Sediment-Water Contaminant Distribution Coefficients
    - Bacteriological Quality
    - Priority Pollutants
    - Interstitial Water Contaminant Concentration
  9. BIOASSAY TEST DATA
    - Rapid:
      - microtox
      - Daphnia*
      - Ceriodaphnia*
      - Pontoporeia*
      - Ames Test
    - Chronic:
      - C. tentans*
      - Daphnia*
      - fathead minnows
      - macroinvertebrate

(Continued)

(Sheet 2 of 3)

Table 1. (Concluded)

- 
- Plant bioassay data:  
Total PCB Content (aroclor content)  
Specific PCB Congeners  
PAHs  
Heavy Metal Uptake
10. BIOLOGICAL DATA  
Fisheries Surveys, including:  
body weight/size  
diet/stomach contents  
feeding type  
lipid content  
phytoplankton  
zooplankton
- Benthic Community  
overall benthic "health"  
benthic indicators/low diversity
11. MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION  
Climatological Data  
Air Quality
12. RISK ASSESSMENT  
Human Health  
Ecological
13. WILDLIFE USAGE  
Birds  
Mammals
14. ENDANGERED SPECIES  
Federal  
State

**Table 2. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/  
Enhanced Screening Report, Summary of Sample  
Quantities**

<u>Sample Matrix</u>	<u>No. of Locations</u>	<u>No. of Analyses Performed</u>			
		<u>PCBs</u>	<u>Metals</u>	<u>HSL</u>	<u>TCDD/TCDF</u>
1. River Sediments	99	107	107	10	1
2. Harbor Sediments	20	127	127	5	1
3. Soils	20	20	20	0	0
4. Water Column					
a. moderate flow	6	12 <sup>(2)</sup>	12 <sup>(2)</sup>	0	0
b. high flow	6	12 <sup>(2)</sup>	12 <sup>(2)</sup>	0	0
c. low-moderate flow	14 <sup>(3)</sup>	28 <sup>(2)</sup>	28 <sup>(2)</sup>	0	0
d. low flow	7	14 <sup>(2)</sup>	14 <sup>(2)</sup>	7 <sup>(4)</sup>	0
5. Particulates (high flow)	6	6	0	0	0

Notes:

1. This summary includes actual samples only. QA/QC samples are not included.
2. The number of analyses includes a filtered and unfiltered sample at each location.
3. The number of locations indicates seven locations per round, two rounds taken.
4. The low flow water column samples were analyzed for volatile organic compounds only. This was outside the scope of RI activities as outlined in the Work Plan.

**Table 3. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening  
Report, Summary of Harbor Sediment Samples**

Boring No.	Completion Date	Water Depth (ft.)	Max. Boring Depth (ft.)	Summary of Analyses Performed (See Key Below)							
				0- 0.5 ft.	0.5- 2 ft.	2- 4 ft.	4- 6 ft.	6- 8 ft.	8- 12 ft.	12- 16 ft.	16- 20 ft.
H1	9/14/87	25.7	20.0	0	0	H,T,P	0	0	0*,P	0	0
H2	9/11/87	21.0	14.0	0	0	0,T,P	0*	0	0,P	--	--
H3	9/14/87	20.0	20.0	0	0	0,T,P	0*	0	0	0,P*	0
H4	9/21/87	21.0	12.0	0	0*,T,P	0	0	0	0,P	--	--
H5	9/21/87	16.5	10.0	0,T	0,P	0	0	P	--	--	--
H6	9/22/87	10.0	12.0	0*,T	0,P*	0	0	0,P	0	--	--
H7	9/22/87	15.0	10.0	0,T*	0,P	0	0	0	0*,P	--	--
H8	9/22/87	10.0	10.0	0,T	0,P	0	0	0,P	--	--	--
H9	9/22/87	8.0	12.0	0,T	0,P	0	0	0*	0,P	--	--
H10	9/17/87	25.0	8.0	0	0	H,T,P	0	P	--	--	--
H11	9/10/87	18.0	20.0	0	0	0,T,P	0	0	0	0,P	0
H12	9/17/87	17.0	18.0	0	0*	H,T,P	0	0,D	0*	0	--
H13	9/10/87	16.0	18.0	0	0*	0,T,P	0	0	0	0,P	0
H14	9/16/87	18.0	16.0	0	0	0,T,P	0	0	0*,P	0	--
H15	9/16/87	10.0	16.0	0	0,T,P	H	0	0	0,P	0	--
H16	9/16/87	8.0	12.0	0	0	0	0*,T,P	0	0,P	--	--
H17	9/18/87	11.0	16.0	0	0	0,T,P	0	0*	0,P	0	--
H18	9/18/87	10.0	20.0	0	0	0,T,P	0	0	0	0,P	0*
H19	9/18/87	8.0	14.0	0	0,T,P	0	0	P	0	N	--
H20	9/23/87	6.0	14.0	0	0	H*,P,	0	0,P*	0	--	--
						T*					

Key to Analytical Parameters

0 = PCBs, targeted metals

H = PCBs, complete Hazardous Substance List

D = Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD) and furan (2,3,7,8-TCDF)

P = Particle size

T = TOC

N = No analysis performed

-- = No sample collected

\* = Indicates parameters selected for QA analysis (matrix spike, duplicate, etc.)

Source: Geraghty & Miller, Inc.

**Table 4. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced  
Screening Report, River Sediment Summary**

Sample <sup>(1)</sup> No.	Sediment Depth <sup>(2)</sup> (feet)	PCBs (ppm, dry weight)				Metals (ppm, dry weight)							
		1242	1248	1254	Total	As	Cd	Cr	Cu	Pb	Ni	Zn	Hg
R-1/HSL1	2.5/2.0	<0.51	1.2	<0.51	1.2	10.0	1.1	16.1	17.7	17.7	8.2	51.6	0.116
R-2	5.3/3.2	.067	<.026	<.026	.067	10.5	1.1	17.6	17.4	17.8	9.1	51.7	0.157
R-2 (dup)		.027	.020	.019	.046	4.7	2.7	16.3	13.9	20.1	<7.1	56.3	0.178
R-3	1.4/1.1	<.025	<.025	<.025	<.025	3.4	1.5	29.0	57.9	14.6	27.7	25.8	0.069
R-4	0.9/1.0	<250	4300	<250	4300	3.7	<0.7	8.2	4.2	17.8	<5.5	52.0	0.060
R-5	3.0/1.5	45	<2.6	14	59	15.2	1.9	36.6	29.7	28.2	27.8	94.8	0.115
R-6	1.3/1.3	12	<0.5	3.5	15.5	4.6	<0.7	15.7	4.8	18.3	<5.6	35.4	<0.05
R-7	1.1/0.8	4500	<370	<370	4500	15.8	1.0	39.8	26.1	31.9	18.7	87.1	0.162
R-8	3.6/2.3	0.4	<.25	<.25	0.4	3.3	<0.6	6.7	3.3	9.0	6.0	13.5	<0.05
R-9/HSL2	1.2/1.0	16	<10	12	28	2.0	<0.6	6.4	3.6	5.2	5.5	8.5	<0.030
R-10	1.5/0.9	280	<250	<250	280	4.5	0.9	13.5	15.4	18.4	7.8	43.6	0.095
R-11	5.6/3.5	11	<1.5	<1.5	11	5.8	0.9	10.0	5.4	10.8	6.6	17.0	<0.05
R-12	1.2/1.0	120	<10	36	156	4.0	<0.7	8.7	8.0	16.5	<5.4	28.4	<0.05
R-13	1.6/1.2	22	<5.2	<5.2	22	16.3	<1.0	37.5	21.8	27.7	14.4	84.2	0.218
R-14	2.6/2.0	7.6	<2.0	<2.0	7.6	6.9	0.9	81.4	11.9	17.5	6.8	35.3	0.084
R-15	1.2/1.1	7.4	<1.5	4.1	11.5	3.3	0.9	81.4	11.9	11.5	6.8	35.3	0.053
R-16	4.3/2.4	21	<1.5	3.3	24.3	6.6	<0.7	18.3	14.5	22.8	7.4	41.0	0.099
R-17	2.0/1.3	40	<7.5	10	50	7.0	<0.8	15.8	11.7	16.5	8.3	299.0	0.071
R-18	1.8/1.8	1.8	<1.5	<1.5	1.8	1.3	<0.7	8.5	8.8	9.4	6.0	30.7	<0.05
R-19	1.4/1.0	250	<77	<77	250	12.7	1.4	23.1	23.1	30.6	13.7	69.0	0.184
R-20/HSL3	3.2/2.2	2.8	<2.1	<2.1	2.8	7.8	0.9	21.8	18.2	23.6	<7.3	61.8	0.116
R-21	1.9/1.8	<3.0	5.4	<3.0	5.4	9.6	<0.8	22.1	14.8	35.4	9.9	47.3	0.136
R-21 (dup)						4.5	1.0	27.0	13.0	35.1	<6.5	52.0	0.177
R-22	1.7/1.3	92	<.5	0.87	93	8.6	<0.9	20.4	17.2	30.1	14.5	60.6	0.127
R-23	1.0/0.6	890	<300	<300	890	3.1	<0.7	7.1	9.1	25.0	<5.4	20.8	<0.05
R-24	0.5/0.3	<1.5	12.	<1.5	12	1.7	<0.7	4.8	3.4	8.0	<5.3	16.1	<0.05
R-25	1.1/1.0	140	<50	<50	140	4.4	<0.8	4.8	8.9	12.7	8.6	26.3	0.072
R-26	1.4/1.2	8.3	<1.5	3.2	11.5	3.6	<1.0	8.5	14.7	21.7	11.4	40.0	0.082
R-27	1.9/1.0	6.8	<1.0	<1.0	6.8	3.7	<0.7	29.4	18.9	22.5	12.7	49.3	0.138
R-28	0.7/1.2	12	<5.0	5.1	17	4.0	<0.8	10.2	11.9	17.6	7.3	34.8	0.068
R-29	1.0/1.4	2.2	<.25	1.2	3.4	3.2	<0.6	4.0	<3.0	6.6	<4.9	49.3	<0.05
R-30	1.8/1.2	1.4	<1.0	<1.0	1.4	3.8	<0.7	52.3	29.4	81.4	7.9	100.0	0.117
R-31	1.1/1.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	4.3	<0.6	9.3	9.0	9.9	9.3	20.8	<0.05
R-32	2.3/2.0	13	<1.5	<1.5	13	2.3	<0.6	5.7	6.6	10.0	6.8	22.2	<0.05
R-33	0.9/1.1	110	<27	<27	110	5.7	<1.3	56.7	35.4	56.2	16.5	109.0	0.179
R-34/HSL11	3.0/1.7	110*	<41	<41	110	4.8	<1.0	62.5	25.0	50.0	<8.3	89.6	0.158
R-36	1.3/1.5	260	<82	<82	260	2.2	<0.7	<1.3	<3.3	5.7	8.2	10.4	<0.05
R-36 (dup)		210	<82	<82	210	2.4	<0.7	1.8	<3.3	3.7	<5.2	10.8	<0.05

\* Weathered

Notes:

(1) River sediment samples are, in general, ordered from upstream to downstream.

(2) First value indicates penetrated sediment depth. Second value indicates length of recovered sediments.

Table 5. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening  
Report, River Sediment - HSL Data Summary

Constituents <sup>(1)</sup>	Sediment Station Number				
	R54/HSL6	R65/HSL7	R75/HSL8	R87/HSL9	R96/HSL10
	Kohler WWT	S. of Kohler Landfill	Halfway from Kohler to Harbor (Lumberyard)	Across from Kiwanis Park	Between 14th St. & Penn Ave.
a. PCBs. (Total), ppm	8.8	3.6	1.3	4.6	8.9
Aroclor(s) reported	1242	1248/1254	1248/1254	1248/1254	1242/1254
b. Metals, ppm					
Aluminum	12,700	4,550	4,100	7,580	12,200
Antimony	LT 0.8	LT 0.7	LT 0.6	LT 0.8	1.87
Arsenic	7.5	2.1	2.6	5.2	12.0
Barium	84.3	34.7	37.4	56.6	113
Beryllium	LT 0.8	LT 0.7	LT 0.6	LT 0.8	LT 0.9
Cadmium	LT 0.8	LT 0.7	0.62	1.19	3.15
Calcium	76,300	55,100	96,900	88,100	54,260
Chromium	54.2	13.6	15.4	53.7	97.2
Cobalt	LT 8.3	LT 6.9	LT 6.2	LT 8.5	9.81
Copper	59.3	34.9	35.3	41.5	102
Iron	16,700	7,140	7,025	11,200	19,300
Lead	26.8	32.5	26.2	87.3	293
Magnesium	39,500	27,500	49,300	38,600	25,600
Manganese	345	178	205	237	402
Mercury	0.12	0.04	LT 0.03	LT 0.09	0.28
Nickel	6.6	LT 5.5	LT 4.9	32.8	63.8
Potassium	3,680	1,990	3,160	2,780	2,500
Selenium	LT 0.8	LT 0.7	LT 0.6	LT 0.8	LT 0.9
Silver	LT 0.23	0.21	LT 0.12	0.41	0.54
Sodium	LT 833	LT 685	LT 617	LT 847	LT 926
Thallium	2.5	0.75	1.97	1.10	LT 0.9
Vanadium	13.8	LT 6.8	6.6	8.5	9.3
Zinc	73.2	46.0	47.5	121	207
c. Volatile Organics, ppb <sup>(2)</sup>					
Methylene Chloride	25	LT 10	11	14	29
Acetone	93	73	33	160	130
Chloroform	20	LT 10	LT 10	LT 10	LT 10
Methyl ethyl ketone	LT 10	LT 10	LT 10	16	10
Toluene	LT 10	82	650	LT 10	LT 10
d. Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons, ppm <sup>(3)</sup>	LT 0.1	0.2	0.7	2.0	4.0

(Continued)



Table 5. (Concluded)

Constituents <sup>(1)</sup>	Sediment Station Number				
	R54/HSL6	R65/HSL7	R75/HSL8	R87/HSL9	R96/HSL10
	Kohler WTP	S. of Kohler Landfill	Halfway from Kohler to Harbor (Lumberyard)	Across from Kiwanis Park	Between 14th St. & Penn Ave.
e. Physical Data					
1. Descriptions:					
0-1'	Fine silts & organics --1.0'--	Sandy, silt organics --1.0'--	Sand and gravel --0.8'--	Very fine silt --1.0'--	Fine silt w/organics --1.0'--
1'-2'	Silt --2.0'--	Fine, sandy silt --2.0'--		Fine silt w/organics --2.0'--	Fine organic silt --2.0'--
	Silt & then clay --2.6'--	Silt, sand, some gravel --2.4'--		Fine silt & sand --2.9'--	
2. TOC, percent	1.0	2.3	3.2	2.8	2.7
3. Moisture content, percent	40	27	19	41	46

Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> All results reported on a dry weight basis.

<sup>(2)</sup> Volatile organics quantified at levels below the detection limit (10 ppb) are not shown. See detailed data sheets (Appendix C) for these compounds.

<sup>(3)</sup> PAHs were estimated by summing individual concentrations of these compounds. In most cases, each compound has an estimated value below the detection limit.

LT = Less Than

Table 6. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/  
Enhanced Screening Report, Total Organic Carbon  
and Particle Size Data

Sample No.	Total Organic Carbon (TOC) %	Particle Size %		
		Coarse Sand ( $<2$ mm)	Fine Sand (0.075-2 mm)	Silt + Clay ( $<0.075$ mm)
H-1, 2'-4'	1.4	0.2	49.2	50.6
8'-12'	NA	$<0.1$	19.8	80.2
H-2, 2'-4'	2.0	0.2	26.4	73.4
8'-12'	NA	0.2	29.6	70.2
H-3, 2'-4'	2.5	0.2	14.2	85.6
12'-16'	NA	0.6	21.2	78.2
H-4, 0.5'-2'	0.4	0.1	90.2	9.7
8'-12'	NA	0.1	6.4	93.5
H-5, 0'-0.5'	0.2	NA	NA	NA
0.5'-2'	NA	11.1	87.9	1.0
6'-8'	NA	8.6	20.5	70.9
H-6, 0'-0.5'	1.1	NA	NA	NA
0.5'-2'	NA	12.2	86.1	1.7
6'-8'	NA	37.4	55.5	7.1
H-7, 0'-0.5'	1.1	NA	NA	NA
0.5'-2'	NA	0.7	83.4	15.9
6'-8'	NA	$<0.1$	6.0	94.0
H-8, 0'-0.5'**	1.3	NA	NA	NA
0.5'-2'	NA	2.7	77.6	19.7
6'-8'	NA	2.6	9.8	87.6
H-9, 0.5'-2'	0.9	0.7	94.2	5.1
8'-12'	NA	0.8	19.5	79.7
H-10, 2'-4'**	3.4	1.5	36.0	62.5
6'-8'	NA	0	0.2	99.8
H-11, 2'-4'	3.2	0.2	13.6	86.1
12'-16'	NA	1.0	10.7	88.3
H-12, 2'-4'	4.2	$<0.1$	1.8	98.8
8'-12'	NA	1.7	1.7	96.6

See notes on next page.

**Table 7. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening  
Report, Surface Soils Data Summary**

Sample <sub>(1)</sub> No.	PCBs (ppm, dry weight)				Metals (ppm, dry weight)							
	1242	1248	1254	Total	As	Cd	Cr	Cu	Pb	Ni	Zn	Hg
S1	<0.5	3.3	3.0	6.3	2.8	<0.7	5.4	12.2	<13.4	8.8	27.7	0.05
S2	71	<15	<15	71	5.0	<0.8	12.9	10.6	39.2	14.9	43.9	0.08
S3	<10	30	<10	30	4.5	<0.8	67.6	10.5	16.7	9.1	36.2	0.05
S4	<.25	1.25	0.8	2.05	3.4	<0.5	5.9	6.9	19.7	<4.4	18.6	<0.05
S5	<.025	0.09	0.15	0.16	4.3	<0.6	8.2	42.4	19.0	5.6	42.0	<0.05
S6	1.3	<.14	1.1	2.4	10.9	1.2	12.9	43.0	21.4	17.6	164	0.08
S7	<0.91	3.5	5.3	8.8	10.5	3.2	34.6	50.0	58.4	14.1	116	0.26
S8	<0.80	2.6	3.7	6.3	12.6	<0.9	24.8	33.4	34.0	14.7	78.9	0.16
S9	0.61	<.25	0.51	1.1	2.8	<0.6	5.4	29.3	17.2	<4.9	28.4	<0.05
S10	0.084	<.025	0.074	0.16	12.1	0.6	10.3	19.0	8.9	12.0	26.7	<0.05
S10 (dup)	0.10	<.025	.093	0.19	7.1	<0.6	10.8	19.0	8.2	14.7	28.6	<0.05
S11	<1.5	<1.5	5.2	5.2	4.9	<0.6	15.9	29.6	14.2	14.5	45.3	0.07
S12	0.31	<.05	0.26	0.57	1.6	<0.6	1.4	8.4	4.4	5.2	17.1	<0.05
S13	0.87	<0.3	0.80	1.7	3.0	<0.7	8.5	27.0	29.9	7.3	30.1	<0.05
S14	<.025	<.025	<.025	<.025	2.0	<0.5	5.4	12.1	5.6	8.0	42.2	<0.05
S15	1.3	<0.51	1.9	3.2	6.5	<0.9	8.5	43.0	61.4	9.8	77.7	0.06
S16	<.076	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.8	1.4	13.4	26.6	38.0	10.8	41.5	<0.05
S17	0.49	<0.078	0.83	1.32	4.1	3.4	21.4	30.2	32.5	12.7	68.0	0.10
S18	2.0	<0.31	1.5	3.5	5.4	0.9	26.7	44.1	52.8	13.1	82.8	0.13
S18 (dup)	1.9	<0.31	1.2	3.1	5.7	1.7	26.1	40.7	57.8	12.7	82.2	0.10
S19	<.078	1.0	0.96	2.0	4.1	2.1	19.0	31.8	34.5	12.3	64.4	0.05
S20	2.7	<0.32	2.8	5.5	9.6	2.2	40.1	50.7	92.1	30.9	132	0.21

**Notes:**

(1) All samples were collected between 0 and 3" of depth.

Table 8. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report,  
Moderate Flow: Water Column Field Data

Location	Date	Time	River Width (ft.)	Avg. Depth (ft.)	Avg. Velocity ft. sec.	Calc'd. Flow (cfs)	USGS <sup>(1)</sup> Flow (cfs)	Depth of Sample Location (ft.)	Conduct. (umho/cm)	pH (su)	Temp. (°C)	DO (mg/L)	Secchi Disc. Depth (ft.)
W1M	5/31/87	12:15 PM	175	4.06	0.213	131	226	5.5	650	8.1	26	--	2.2
W3M	5/31/87	3:10 PM	129	5.1	0.336	211	226	5.1	700	8.3	22	--	1.5
W4M	6/01/87	9:05 AM	127	5.6	0.274	201	221	6.5	700	8.4	23	8.4	1.8
W5M	6/01/87	2:05 PM	94	3.7	0.626	221	221	5.3	690	8.7	25	10.3	1.7
W6M	6/01/87	4:50 PM	167	8.0	0.26	335 <sup>(2)</sup>	221	11.0	600	8.3	24	6.0	1.1
W7M <sup>(3)</sup>	6/2/87	9:25 AM	--	--	--	--	222	25.5	250	8.1	18	--	2.0

Notes:

- (1) Average daily flow at USGS gaging station, based on provisional discharge data supplied by USGS.
- (2) Velocity readings were not required for this station.
- (3) This measurement is considered erroneously high due to difficulties encountered with measuring velocities at this location.

Table 9. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report, Moderate Flow: Water Column Analytical Results

Sample No.	PCBs (ppb) <sup>(1)</sup>				Metals (ppb)								TSS (mg/l)
	A-1242	A-1248	A-1254	Total	As	Cd	Cr	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	
W1M (T) <sup>(2)</sup>	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1	<1	<1	5	1	<0.2	<5	25	11
W1M (T), (dup)	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1	<1	1	3	2	<0.2	<5	24	4
W1M (F)	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1	<1	<1	4	1	<0.2	<5	39	--
W1M (F), dup	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1	<1	1	4	<1	<0.2	<5	42	--
W3M (T)	0.267	<0.05	<0.05	0.27	1	<1	1	4	<1	<0.2	<5	22	33
W3M (F)	0.118	<0.05	<0.05	0.12	1	<1	1	4	1	<0.2	<5	41	--
W4M (T)	0.150	<0.05	<0.05	0.15	1	<1	2	4	<1	<0.2	<5	22	4
W4M (F)	0.078	<0.05	<0.05	0.08	1	<1	1	3	6	<0.2	<5	33	--
W5M (T)	0.094	<0.05	<0.05	0.09	2	<1	2	4	2	<0.2	<5	28	9
W5M (F)	0.081	<0.05	<0.05	0.08	1	<1	<1	4	1	<0.2	<5	44	--
W6M (T)	0.108	<0.05	0.051	0.16	1	<1	2	4	3	<0.2	<5	34	23
W6M (F)	0.059	<0.05	<0.05	0.06	1	<1	<1	4	<1	<0.2	<5	50	--
W7M (T)	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<1	<1	<1	2	<1	<0.2	<5	23	8
W7M (T), (dup)	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<1	<1	1	2	<1	<0.2	<5	22	12
W7M (F)	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<1	<1	<1	4	<1	<0.2	<5	40	--
W7M (F), (dup)	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<1	<1	<1	4	<1	<0.2	<5	42	--
Field blank (T)	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<1	<1	<1	2	<1	<0.2	<5	24	<1
Field blank (F)	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<0.2	<5	33	--
Trip blank	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<0.2	<5	17	<1

Notes:

- (1) All other Aroclors (1016, 1221, 1232, 1260) reported as <0.5.  
 (2) (T) = Total (unfiltered).  
 (F) = Filtered.

Table 10. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/  
Enhanced Screening Report, Water Column Analytical  
Results

<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>TKN (mg/l)</u>	<u>Ammonia (mg/l)</u>	<u>Hardness (mg/l)</u>	<u>Alkalinity (mg/l)</u>
W1M (T)	1.5	0.4	343	305
W1M (T), (dup)	1.5	0.2	342	305
W5M (T)	1.5	0.09	343	299
W7M (T)	<1.0	0.06	160	133
Field blank	<1.0	<0.05	<10	1.4
Trip blank	<1.0	0.05	<10	<1.0

See notes on previous page.

Table 11. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/Enhanced Screening Report, High Flow: Filtration Data

Station Number	Collection Date	Location	Approx. Volume Filtered (liters)	Dry Weight of Collected Particulates (grams)	Approx. TSS (mg/l)	No. of Filters Used	
						Coarse	Fine
W1H	4/12	Sheboygan Falls Dam	70	1.16	17	5	5
W2H	4/13	Onion River	70	1.33	19	5	5
W3H	4/13	River Bend (Kohler) Dam	70	1.40	20	5	5
W3H - Duplicate		" "	70	1.31	19	5	5
W4H	4/14	Waelderhaus (Kohler) Dam	80	1.61	20	6	7
W5H	4/14	U.S.G.S. Gaging Station	65	1.58	24	5	5
W6H	4/15	14th Street Bridge	125	1.91	15	7	7
W6H - Matrix Spike		" "	95	1.69	18	6	6
W6H - Field Blank		" "	4	0.002	0	1	1

Notes:

- (1) These values were calculated from the volume and weight data shown. Since volumes of water in the carboy were visually estimated, the TSS values should be regarded as approximate.

Table 12. Sheboygan River and Harbor Remedial Investigation/  
Enhanced Screening Report, High Flow: Particulate  
Analytical Results

<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>Dry Weight of Particulates</u>	<u>Aroclor 1260<sup>(1)</sup></u>		
		<u>(<math>\mu</math>g)</u>	<u>(<math>\mu</math>g/kg)<sup>(2)</sup></u>	<u>(<math>\mu</math>g/l)<sup>(3)</sup></u>
W1H	1.16	9.4	8.1	0.13
W2H	1.33	10.0	7.5	0.14
W3H	1.40	7.7	5.5	0.11
W3H, dup.	1.31	11.8	9.0	0.17
W4H	1.61	17.7	11.0	0.22
W5H	1.58	7.7	4.9	0.12
W6H	1.91	6.5	3.4	0.052
W6H, MS	1.69	<5.1	<3.0	<0.053
Field Blank	.002	0.23	116	--

Notes:

- (1) Only Aroclor 1260 was found. All other aroclors reported below the detection limit.
- (2) Based on dry weight of particulates as determined in the field (i.e. at field office).
- (3) Based on approximate volume of water which was passed through the filter in the field. Volumes are presented in Tables 4-11.





Table 14. USGS Water Resources Data, Sheboygan River, Water Year 1983

STREAMS TRIBUTARY TO LAKE MICHIGAN

04086000 SHEBOYGAN RIVER AT SHEBOYGAN, WI

LOCATION.--Lat 43°44'25", long 87°45'35", in SE 1/4 NE 1/4 sec. 29, T.15 N., R.23 E., Sheboygan County, Hydrologic Unit 04050101, on left bank 400 ft upstream from bridge on State Highway 141, near west city limits of Sheboygan, and 4.2 mi upstream from mouth.

DRAINAGE AREA.--418 mi<sup>2</sup>.

PERIOD OF RECORD.--June 1916 to September 1924 (published as "near Sheboygan"), October 1950 to current year. Monthly discharge only for some periods, published in WSP 1307, 1727.

REVISED RECORDS.--WSP 1307: 1917(M), 1919(M), 1921(M), 1923(M). WDR WI-79-1: Drainage area.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder. Datum of gage is 534.00 ft above National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929. June 1916 to June 1924, nonrecording gage at site 0.7 mi downstream at different datum. November 1950 to June 1951, nonrecording gage at site 0.3 mi downstream at datum 3.15 ft lower.

REMARKS.--Estimated daily discharges: Ice periods listed in rating table below. Records good except those for ice-affected periods, which are poor. Diurnal fluctuation caused by numerous powerplants above station.

AVERAGE DISCHARGE.--46 years (water years 1917-24, 1951-83), 258 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, 8.38 in./yr.

EXTREMES FOR PERIOD OF RECORD.--Maximum discharge, 7,610 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, Mar. 22, 1975, gage height, 11.64 ft; minimum observed, about 1 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, Aug. 27, 1922, gage height, 1.48 ft datum then in use, caused by shutdown of powerplants.

EXTREMES FOR CURRENT YEAR.--Peak discharges greater than base discharge of 1,500 ft<sup>3</sup>/s and maximum (\*):

DATE	TIME	DISCHARGE (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)	GAGE HEIGHT (ft)	DATE	TIME	DISCHARGE (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)	GAGE HEIGHT (ft)
Apr. 6	1945	*1,530	*5.75	No other peak greater than base discharge.			

Minimum discharge, 31 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, July 9, 10, gage height, 1.61 ft.

RATING TABLE (gage height, in feet, and discharge, in cubic feet per second). (Shifting-control method used Mar. 26 to Apr. 2; stage-discharge relation affected by ice Nov. 21-23, Dec. 4-6, 14-23, and Dec. 26 to Mar. 23.)

1.6	30	3.0	270
1.8	50	4.0	570
2.0	80	5.0	992
2.5	165	6.0	1,540

(Continued)

Table 14. (Concluded)

DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND, WATER YEAR OCTOBER 1987 TO SEPTEMBER 1988

DAY	MEAN VALUES											
	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1	135	170	480	180	1200	170	602	281	66	45	38	50
2	127	230	376	160	1100	190	575	257	64	43	37	46
3	131	237	328	140	940	200	925	239	61	37	38	58
4	115	214	260	130	840	220	959	224	53	35	36	94
5	110	194	230	120	700	240	909	210	50	34	55	103
6	107	174	219	110	560	270	1220	197	48	35	41	95
7	105	161	256	100	430	330	1340	185	48	35	39	78
8	101	166	422	96	360	400	1040	173	43	33	39	62
9	97	175	950	94	320	500	834	175	41	31	40	56
10	95	175	931	90	280	560	738	185	43	47	39	52
11	94	165	802	82	240	600	667	184	44	45	49	48
12	90	159	669	86	210	600	634	165	43	45	54	49
13	90	159	560	84	180	580	536	124	43	43	63	47
14	88	156	470	82	160	520	481	112	44	41	82	47
15	88	149	350	80	150	480	424	143	42	43	65	45
16	92	148	270	94	140	440	372	140	40	71	49	44
17	108	196	260	90	130	400	303	132	41	82	43	44
18	116	243	240	86	140	360	275	123	41	82	159	64
19	113	234	300	84	150	340	246	116	40	68	183	84
20	105	215	500	110	140	330	204	111	40	60	150	102
21	102	160	560	100	130	320	191	105	39	59	106	98
22	101	150	400	96	120	310	187	104	51	57	77	223
23	101	170	360	92	140	340	220	110	47	58	101	693
24	109	209	419	86	130	362	281	105	48	58	103	514
25	107	276	623	82	120	395	293	86	42	56	89	321
26	112	406	450	80	120	493	277	84	40	58	79	207
27	120	353	360	78	120	510	314	83	37	52	65	147
28	173	330	320	80	140	480	363	78	38	50	56	122
29	181	600	270	92	160	543	346	69	44	45	52	103
30	164	612	230	150	---	619	310	58	46	42	45	95
31	125	---	200	800	---	644	---	66	---	39	48	---
TOTAL	3502	6986	13056	3834	9550	12746	16036	4424	1367	1529	2120	3791
MEAN	113	233	421	124	329	411	535	143	45.6	49.3	68.4	126
MAX	181	612	950	800	1200	644	1340	281	66	82	183	693
MIN	88	148	200	78	120	170	187	58	37	31	36	44
CFSM	.27	.56	1.01	.30	.79	.98	1.28	.34	.11	.12	.16	.30
IN.	.31	.62	1.16	.34	.85	1.13	1.43	.39	.12	.14	.19	.34

CAL YR 1987 TOTAL 84468 MEAN 231 MAX 1420 MIN 58 CFSM .55 IN. 7.52  
WTR YR 1988 TOTAL 78941 MEAN 216 MAX 1340 MIN 31 CFSM .52 IN. 7.03

Table 15. Permeability Test for Kohler Company Landfill

WEEK NW-13R

---

TEST 1

$$Q = 0.305 \text{ gal/min} = 0.0006795 \text{ cfs}$$

$$h_1 = 5.1042 \text{ ft.}$$

$$h_2 = 12.0 \text{ psi} = 27.72 \text{ ft.}$$

$$H = 32.8242 \text{ ft.}$$

$$A = 24.30 \text{ ft.}$$

$$r = 0.125 \text{ ft.}$$

$$C_s = 221$$

$$K = 0.000000736 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$= \underline{2.243 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm/s}}$$

TEST 2

$$Q = 0.6625 \text{ gal/min} = 0.0014761 \text{ cfs}$$

$$h_1 = 5.1042 \text{ ft.}$$

$$h_2 = 18.5 \text{ psi} = 42.735 \text{ ft.}$$

$$H = 47.8392 \text{ ft.}$$

$$A = 24.30 \text{ ft.}$$

$$r = 0.125 \text{ ft.}$$

$$C_s = 221$$

$$K = 0.000001097 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$= \underline{3.344 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm/s}}$$

---

Table 16. Summary of VOCs Detected in Monitor Wells at Kohler Company Landfill Site

APPENDIX I SUMMARY OF VOCs DETECTED IN MONITOR WELL SAMPLES COLLECTED IN THE PHASE I RESAMPLING (-02), PHASE II (-03), AND PHASE II RESAMPLING (-04) EVENTS

Sample No.:	KL-GW01B-02/03	KL-GW01C-02/03	KL-GW01D-02/03	KL-GW02-02/03
Date Sampled:	NR/13 Dec 88	22 Aug 88/13 Dec 88	23 Aug 88/15 Dec 88	24 Aug 88/5 Jan 89
Analyte/Concentration:				
Vinyl Chloride	NR/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND
Methylene Chloride	NR/1.000B	0.008B/0.900	0.007B/0.220	0.006B/0.040
Acetone	NR/8.900	0.004JB/6.200	0.002JB/5.400	0.005JB/0.930B
1,1-Dichloroethene	NR/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	NR/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	0.001J/ND
1,2-Dichloroethene	NR/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	0.019/ND
2-Butanone	NR/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	NR/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	0.001JB/ND
Trichloroethene	NR/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND
Benzene	NR/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND
Toluene	NR/0.380	ND/0.280	ND/ND	ND/ND
Xylene	NR/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND
Chloroethane	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND
Tetrachloroethene	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND

(Continued)

Concentrations are reported in mg/L.

ND = Not detected.

B = Detected in laboratory blank.

J = Detected below method detection limit as reported in the QAPP.

D = Compounds identified at a secondary dilution factor.

E = Concentration exceeds the calibration range of the instrument.

RE = Reanalysis at a secondary dilution factor.

NR = Not requested.

NA = Not analyzed.

Table 16. (Concluded)

Sample No.:	KL-GW020-02/03	KL-GW03-02/03	KL-GW030-02/03	KL-GW03R-03/04
Date Sampled:	23 Aug 88/20 Dec 88	24 Aug 88/20 Dec 88	24 Aug 88/20 Dec 88	17 Jan 89/8 Mar 89
Analyte/Concentration:				
Vinyl Chloride	ND/0.015	0.140/ND	0.075/0.058	0.340E/0.160
Methylene Chloride	0.1108/0.012	0.0368/0.4008	0.0088/0.012	0.0738/0.0068
Acetone	0.027JB/0.054	0.0388/5.1008	0.002JB/0.020	0.1308/0.010
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	0.001J/0.005J
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	0.005/0.190
1,2-Dichloroethene	0.340/0.200	0.074/0.120J	0.032/0.037	0.200/ND
2-Butanone	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	0.002J/ND
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND/ND	ND/0.170J	ND/ND	ND/ND
Trichloroethene	ND/ND	0.003J/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND
Benzene	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND
Toluene	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND
Xylene	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND
Chloroethane	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/0.005J
Tetrachloroethene	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND	ND/ND

Table 17. Land Uses in Sheboygan Township (1980)

<u>Type</u>	<u>% of Total Acreage</u>	<u>Acreage</u>
Natural	14.6	1255
Residential	35.6	3059
Industrial	11.3	970
Commercial	5.73	493
Agricultural	11.3	968
Transportation	<u>21.6</u>	<u>1854</u>
Total	100	8599

---

Source: WDNR, 1980b

Table 18. Location, Depth, and PCB Content\* of Sheboygan Harbor Sediment Samples\*\*

<u>Sample</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Water Depth ft</u>	<u>Dug Down to ft</u>	<u>Sample Taken at ft</u>	<u>Dry Weight PCB, ppm</u>
S-1	Sta 52+00 12 ft south of north revetment	11.3	23.0	23.0-23.5	18, 9, 20, 12
S-2	Sta 52+00 122 ft north of south revetment	16.0	22.0	22.0-24.0	84, 81, 46, 85, 75, 82, 140, 140, 130, 50, 47, 34
S-3	Sta 37+00 90 ft north of south revetment	18.7	24.5	24.5-25.0	34, 33, 37, 25, 9.4, 12, 11 41
S-4	Sta 37+00 25 ft north of south revetment	18.0	24.0	24.0-25.0	23, 30, 48, 24, 24, 26, 32, 52
S-5	Sta 6+00 200 ft north of south breakwater	23.0	Sediment surface	23.0-24.5	1.0, 1.4, 2.3, 1.0

\* PCB as total in isomer groups di- through decachlorobiphenyl.

\*\* Gage = 2.5 ft, all depths given without gage.



Table 19. Distribution of Organisms in Treatments

Temperature °C	Treatment	Aquarium No.	Organism <sup>1</sup>
4	Control	16	M, C, K, T
	Reference	15	C, K, T
		18	M, C*
	Low	13	C, K, T
		19	C, F
		21	M, C*
	Medium	14	C, K, T
		17	-- <sup>2</sup>
		24	M, C*
	High	20	C, K, T
		22	C, F
		23	M, C*
20	Control	1	M, C, K, T
	Reference	3	C, K, T
		6	M, C*
	Low	4	C, K, T
		7	C, F
		9	M, C*
	Medium	2	C, K, T
		5	C, F
		12	M, C*
	High	8	C, K, T
		10	C, F
		11	M, C*

<sup>1</sup> M = mussels, C = clams (not in contact with sediment), C\* = clams (in contact with sediment), K = killifish (medaka), F = fatheads, T = trout.

<sup>2</sup> Insufficient organisms available; treatment excluded.

Table 20. Regressions of Percent Lipid Over Time

<u>Organism</u>	<u>Number of Observations</u>	<u>Regression Test of Significance</u>		<u>Initial Per- cent Lipid (95 percent Confidence Interval)</u>	<u>Mean Per- cent Lipid (95 percent Confidence Interval)</u>
		<u>F</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>a*</u>	<u>x</u>
Mussels	49	0.040	0.8419	0.26(0.040)	0.26(0.026)
Clams (contact)	40	0.044	0.8345	2.04(0.243)	2.02(0.150)
Clams (no contact)	33	0.033	0.8569	2.09(0.295)	2.07(0.199)
Clams (all)	73	0.069	0.7932	2.06(0.182)	2.04(0.119)
Medaka	31	33.210	0.0001	6.75(0.840)	5.00(0.814)
Fatheads	15	0.062	0.8070	1.04(0.160)	1.05(0.122)
Trout	39	5.674	0.0225	4.29(0.675)	3.76(0.532)

\* Initial percent lipid is Y-intercept (a) from regression percent lipid  
= a + b(day).

Table 21. Calculated Data Using Time-Sequence Sampled Residues and Simple Kinetic Model for Fresh Weight and Dry Weight Dichlorobiphenyls in Organisms Exposed to PCB-Contaminated Sheboygan Harbor Sediments

Temperature, °C	Organism	Treatment*	$C_{ss}^{**} \mu g g^{-1}$		$C_s \mu g g^{-1}$	Sediment BAF	
			Wet Weight	Dry Weight		Wet Weight	Dry Weight
4	Mussels	R	0.0092	0.17	0.016	0.58	10.8
		L	0.024	0.45	0.37	0.065	1.2
		M	0.027	0.51	8.8	0.0031	0.058
	Trout	M	0.28	1.7	8.8	0.032	0.19
		H	0.26	1.6	6.1	0.042	0.26
20	Mussels	R	0.016	0.30	0.016	1.0	18.9
		L	0.072	1.4	0.37	0.19	3.7
		M	0.16	3.0	8.8	0.018	0.34
		H	0.27	5.1	6.1	0.044	0.84
	Clams	L	0.40	2.5	0.37	1.1	6.7
		M	8.1	50.0	8.8	0.92	5.7
		H	1.3	8.1	6.1	0.21	1.3
	Medaka	R	0.17	1.1	0.016	10.6	70.4
		L	0.33	2.2	0.37	0.89	5.9
		M	0.75	5.0	8.8	0.085	0.56
		H	0.48	3.2	6.1	0.079	0.52

\* Treatment: Reference, low, medium, high.

\*\* See text p. 36 for explanation of symbols.

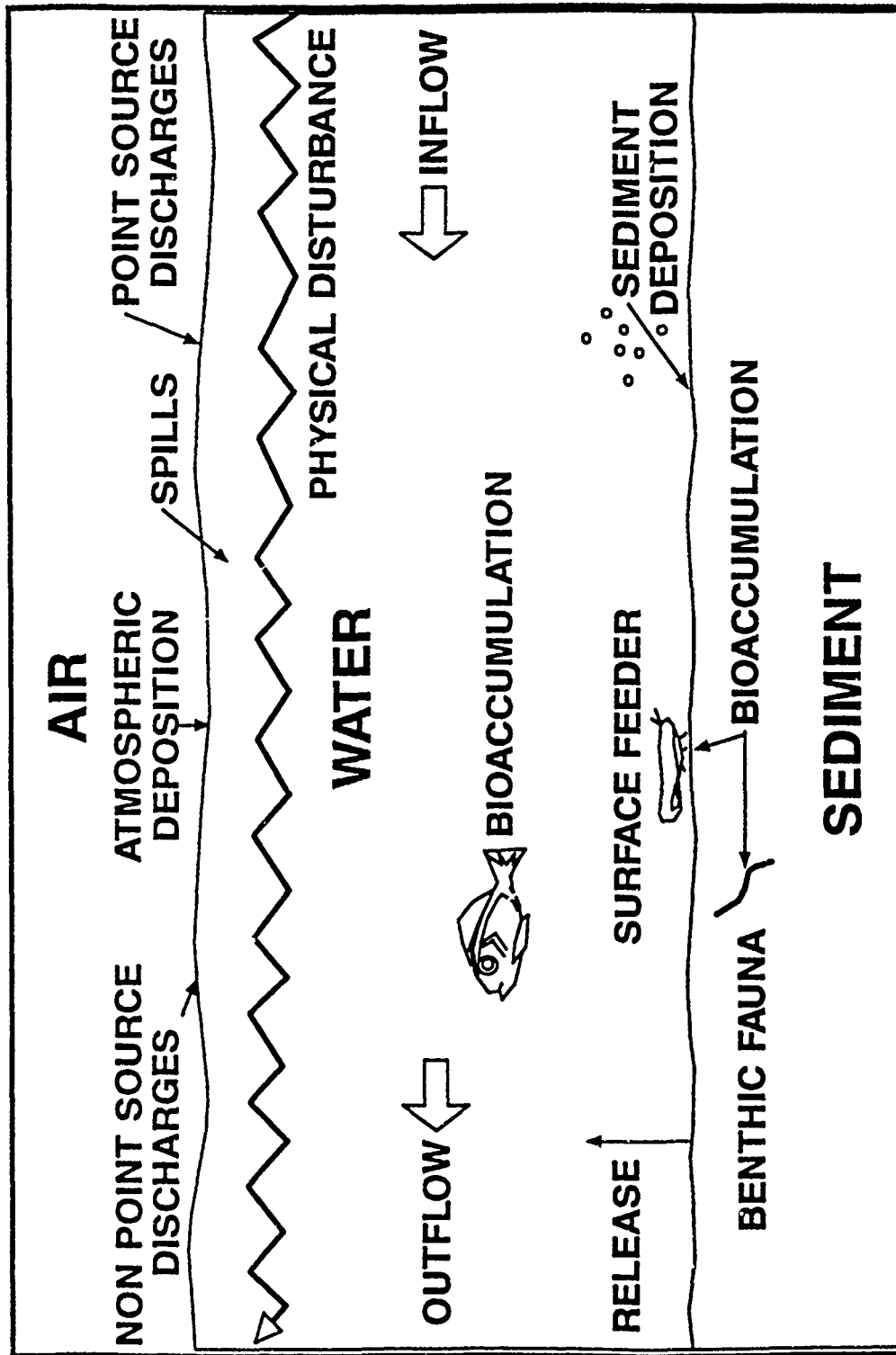


Figure 1. Contaminant migration pathways for evaluation of in-place contaminated sediments

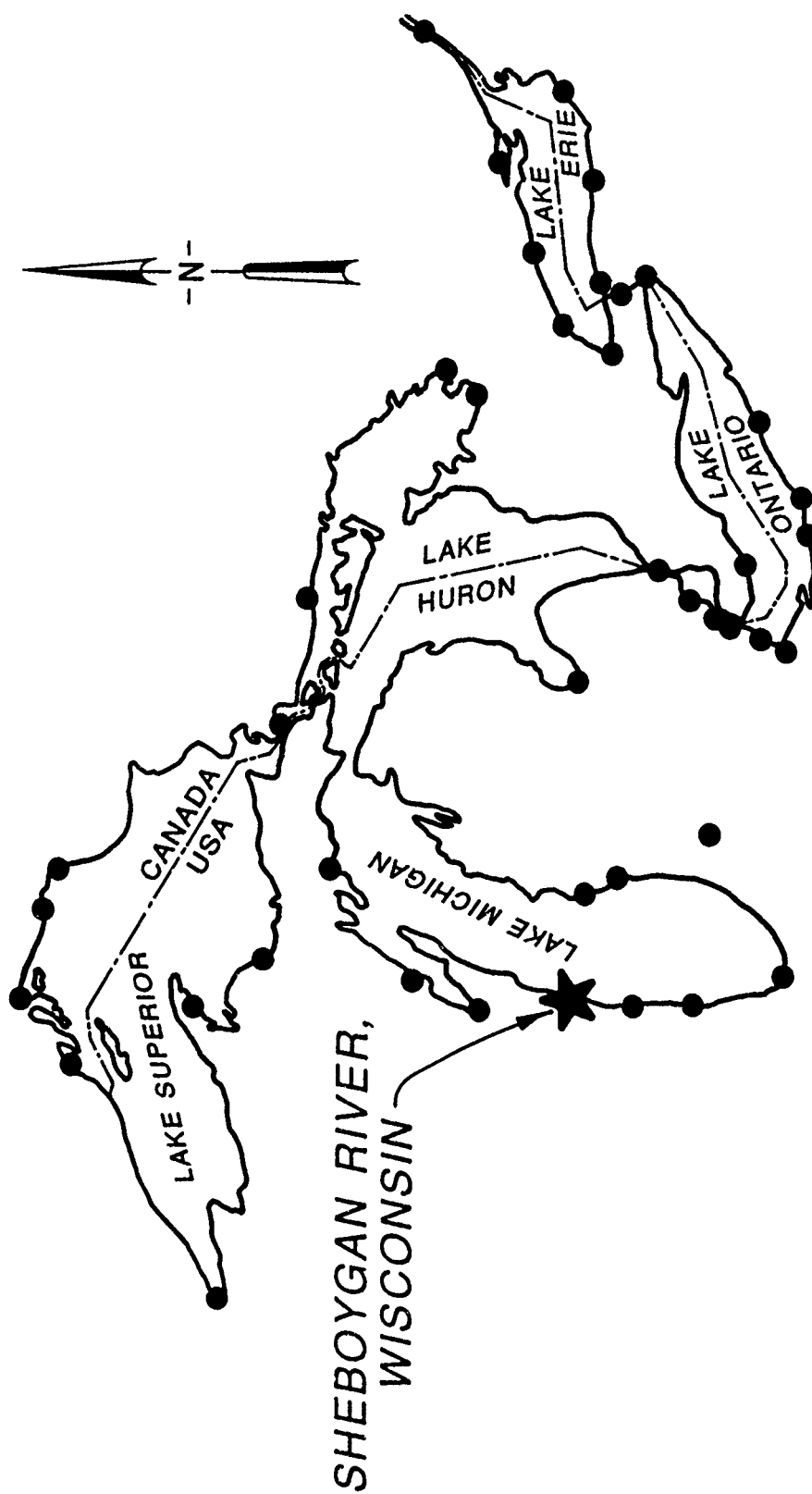


Figure 2. Location of Sheboygan River, Wisconsin

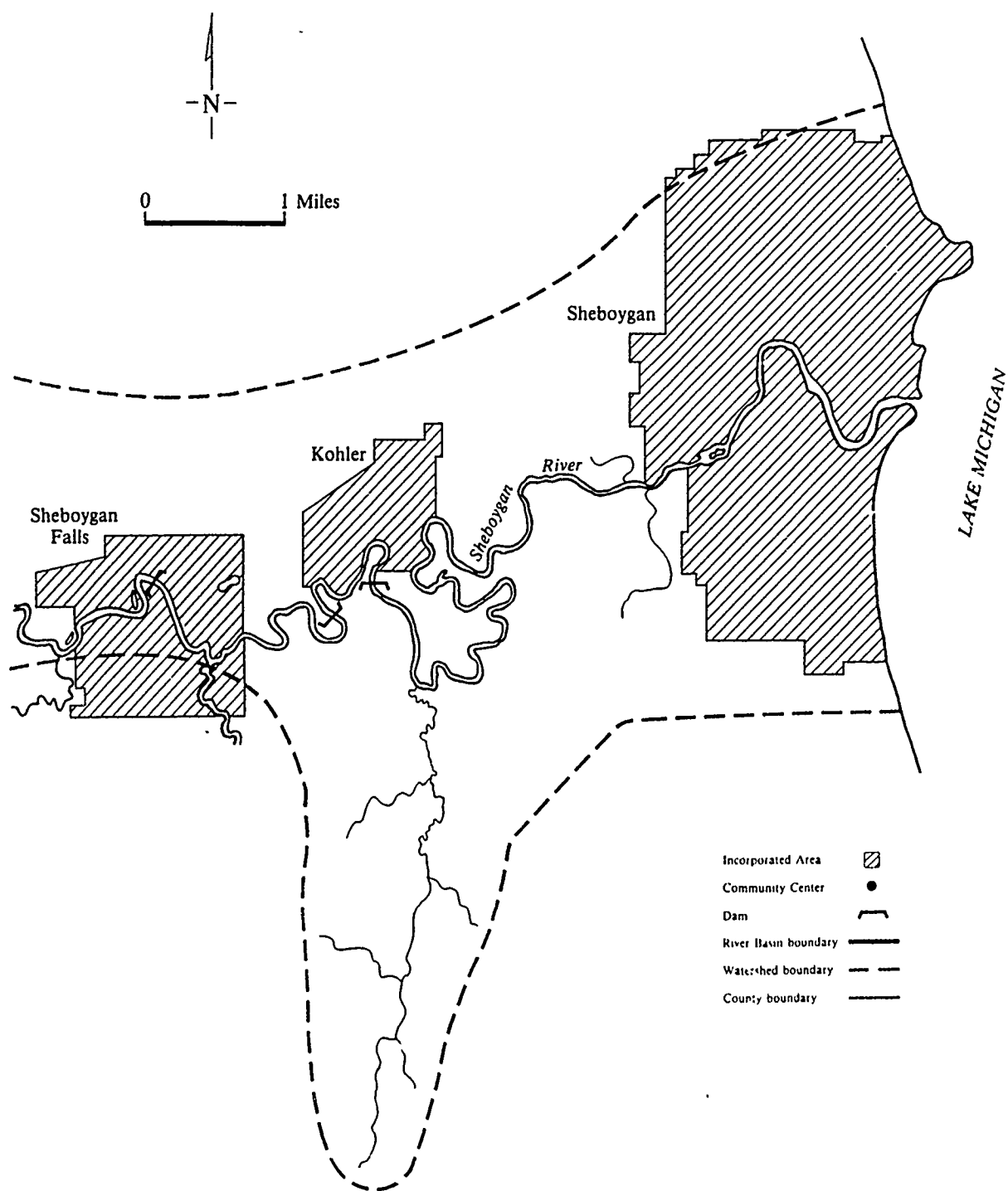


Figure 3. Sheboygan River AOC Boundaries

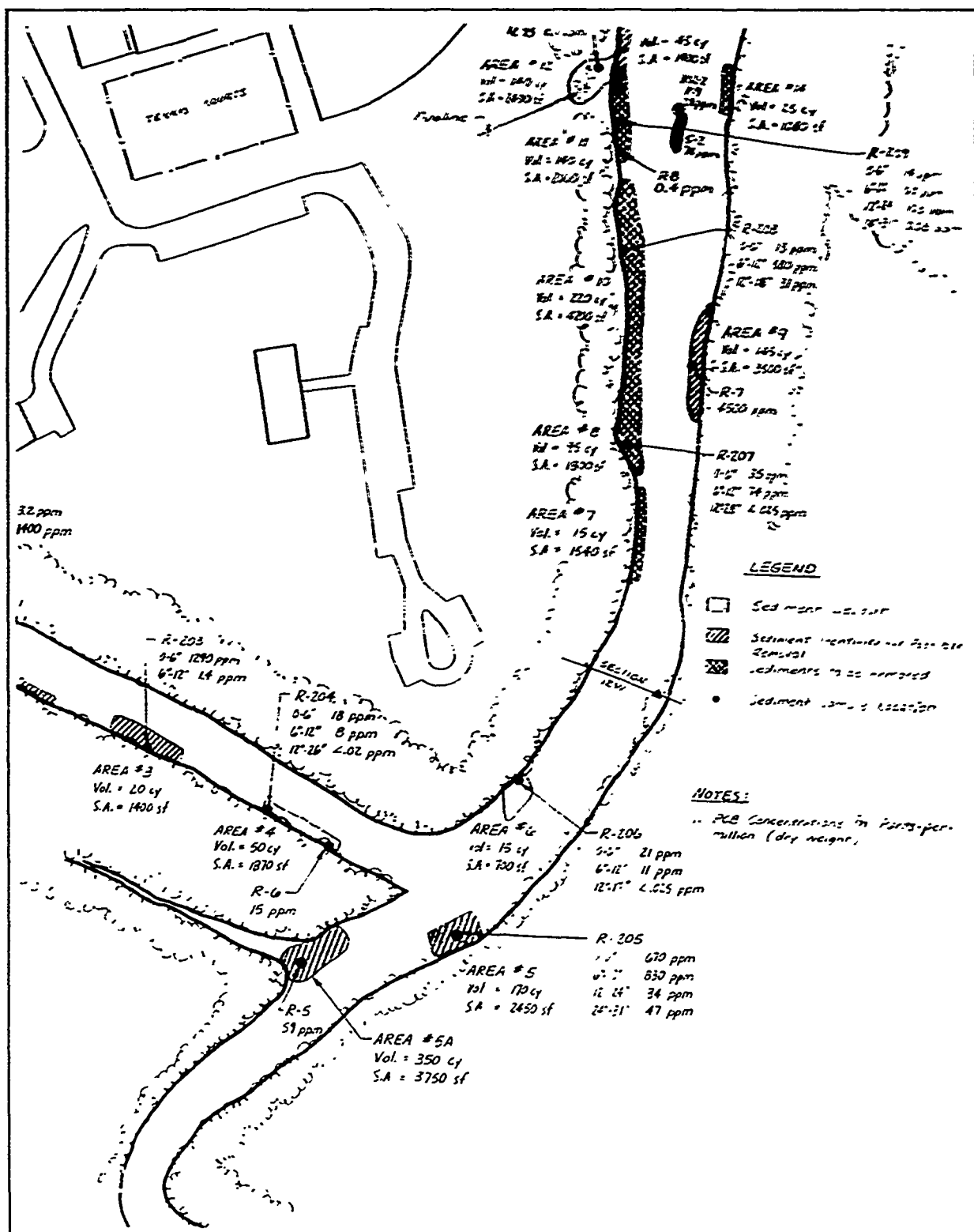


Figure 4. Example of maps identifying areas of PCB contamination in the Sheboygan River AOC

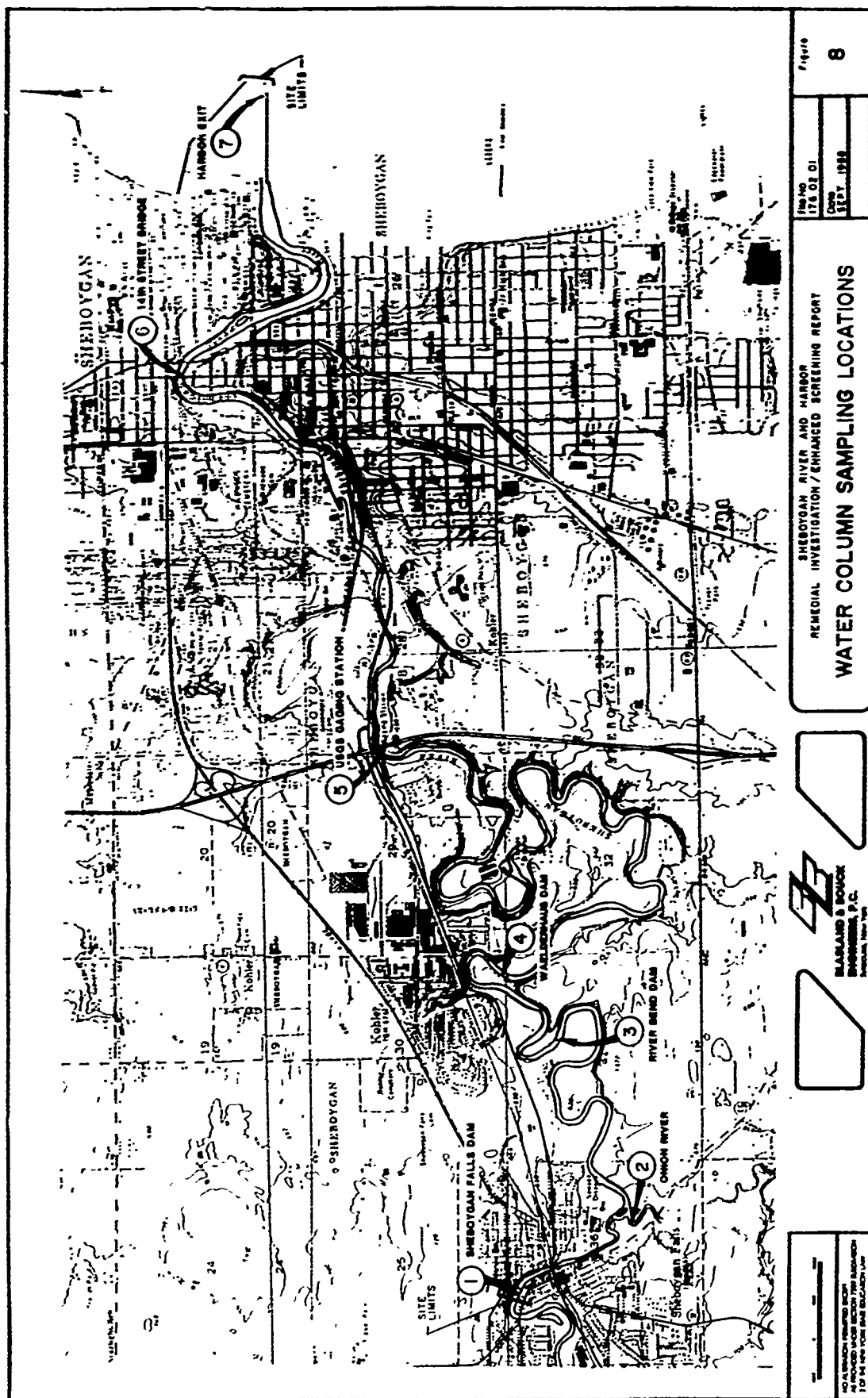


Figure 5. Location of water column sampling locations in Sheboygan River and Harbor



# Sheboygan River Basin (with watersheds)

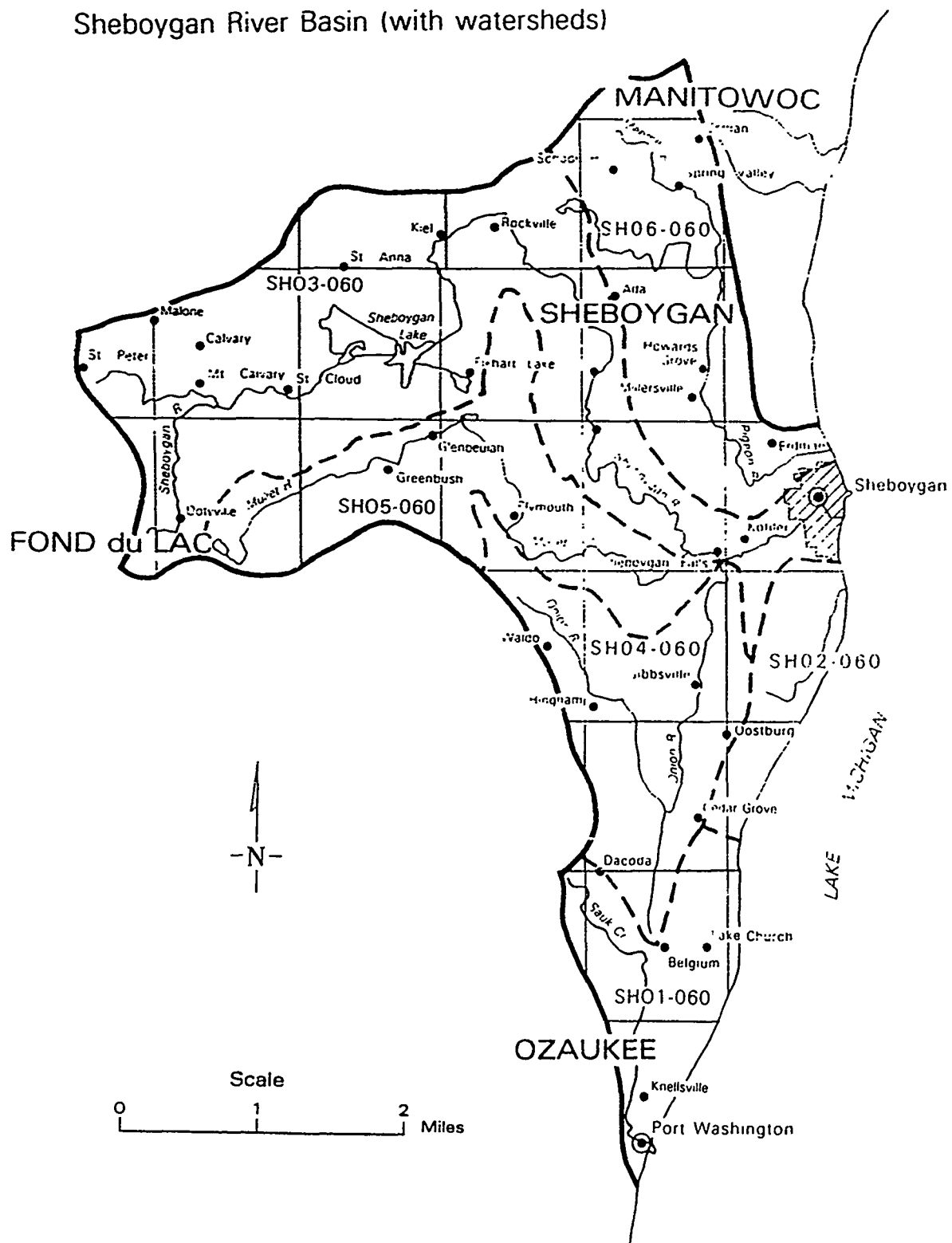


Figure 6. The Sheboygan River Basin



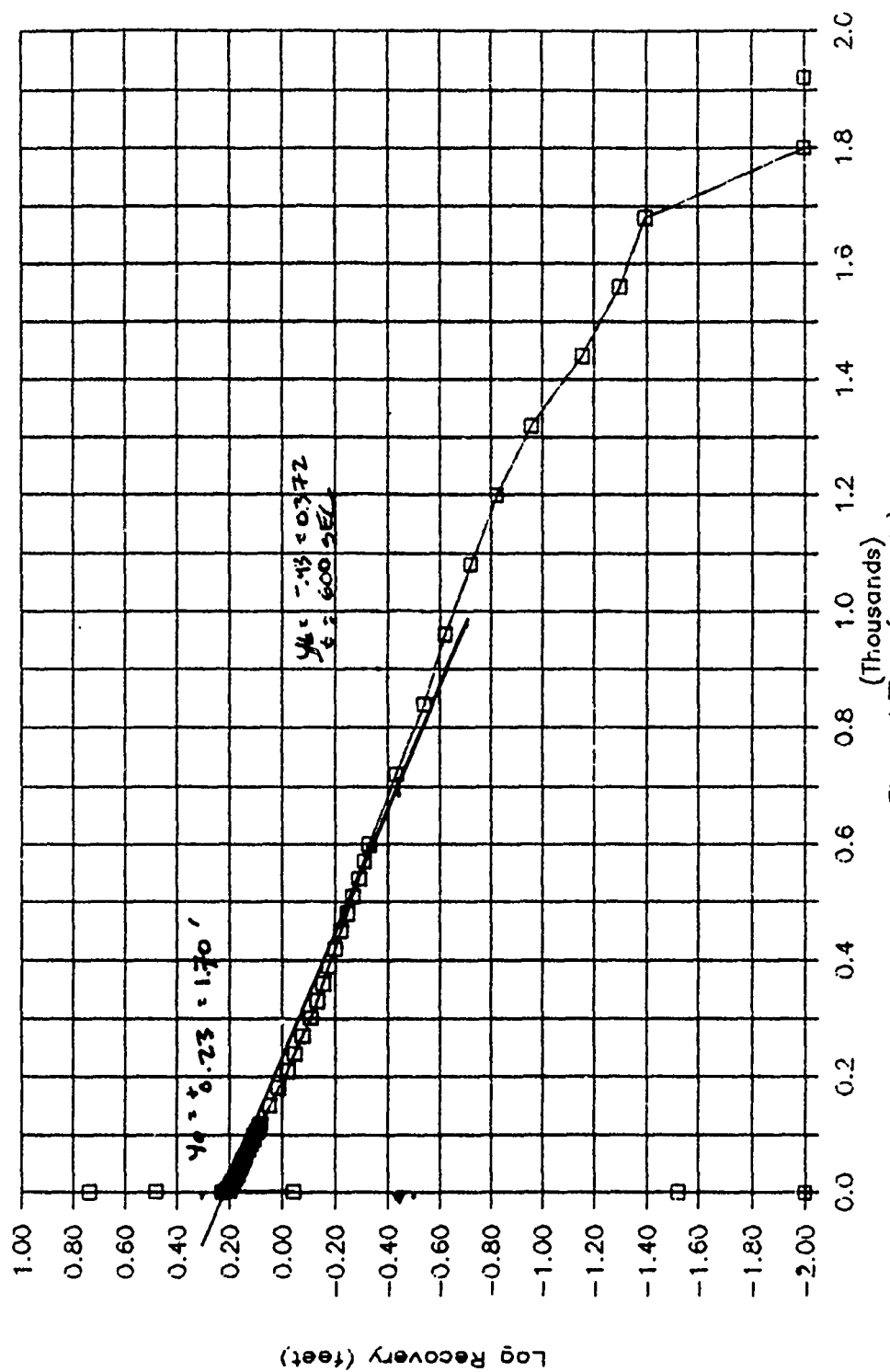


Figure 8. Slug in #2, Well 3R



GEOLOGIC DRILL LOG				PROJECT NAME AND LOCATION				PAGE NO.	HOLE NO.		
KOHLER LANDFILL, SHEBOYGAN, WI				1 of 3				MW-3R			
START	FINISH	DRILLER	DRILL METHOD	BOREHOLE DIAMETER	WELL DIAMETER	TOTAL DEPTH					
9/7/88	9/12/88	Wisconsin Test	6.25 HSA/Tri-Cone	10"/4"	4"	62.50'					
LOGGER		TOP OF CASING ELEV.	GROUND ELEVATION		DEPTH/ELEVATION GROUNDWATER - DATE MEASURED						
Bill Niemann					4.20' 9-13-88						
Well Construction: 4-inch Stainless Steel Casing to 34.5 FT; open hole completion to 62.5 Ft.											
SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE TYPE	RECOVERY %	SAMPLE BLOWS*	ELEV	DEPTH	GRAPHIC LOG	WELL CONSTRUCTION	CLASS-IFICATION	SAMPLE INTERVAL	DESCRIPTION	NOTES
01	SS	14	4					SM		Surface: 2" Gravel Fill Topsoil Silty Sand: trace clay, brown, moist.	
02	SS	16	3		5			SP		Sand: medium to fine, some gravel, brown, wet	
03	ST	12						SP			
04	SS	12	5		10			SP			
05	SS	6	15					SP			
06	SS	2	1		15			ML		Sandy Silt: some gravel, brown, wet.	
07	ST	24						CL		Silty Clay: gray, moist.	

\*ASH D1586  
SS = SPLIT SPOON  
ID = DENNISON

ST = SHELBY TUBE  
C = CORE  
CT = CUTTINGS  
CS = CONTINUOUS SAMPLER  
OT = OTHER

KOHLER LANDFILL  
SHEBOYGAN, WI

PAGE NO. 1 of 3  
HOLE NO. MW-3R

Figure 9. Geologic drill log

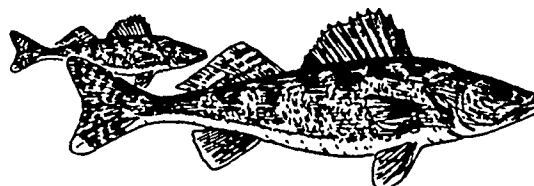
<b>RADIAN CORPORATION</b>		<b>LOG OF ROCK CORE</b>		BORING No. 3R PAGE 1 of 2	
<b>PROJECT</b>		NAME: Kohler Co. Landfill, Kohler, WI		NUMBER: 250-028	
HYDROGEOLOGIST: Tom Morahan		OFFICE: Austin, TX			
DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Fox Drilling, Itasca, IL		DRILLER: Jerry Hamman			
EQUIPMENT: Mobile-Drill B-61					
DATE STARTED: 10-6-88		COMPLETED: 10-6-88		SKETCH LOCATION	
ELEVATION:		DEPTH		ROCK: 46.5 ft BGL	
				TOTAL HOLE DEPTH: 73.0 ft BGL	
<b>BIT</b>		TYPE: Diamond Core	SIZE: NX	DIAMETER: 3 in o.d.	ACCOMPANYING SOIL LOG? Y <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/>

Fracture Log			Description	Core Time (min/ft)	Run Time (min)	Run Length (ft)	Recovery (%)	RQD	Water Pressure (psi)	Down Pressure (psi)	Run Reference (ft)	Notes			
Depth (Ft; BGL)	Angle (Sketch)	Fit													
53.0	Broken up	Poor	Very weathered	Friable, weathered to fresh buff to light gray microcrystalline to crystalline moderately bedded DOLOMITE.	1:05	17:05	10.0	5.2	0.3 ft.	6%	300 psi	300 psi	0	Core started 0842 hrs	
54.0					1:15						300 psi	300 psi	1		
55.0					0:35						300 psi	300 psi	2		Steady re- turn over entire core
56.0					0:05						300 psi	300 psi	3		
57.0	Drop	Broken up	Poor	Very weathered	0:05	17:05	10.0	5.2	0.3 ft.	6%	300 psi	300 psi	4	Rod drop 56.0-58.0 ft.	
58.0	0:45				300 psi						0 psi	5			
59.0	0:45				300 psi						0 psi	6			
60.0	2:30				300 psi						50 psi	7			
61.0	Drop	Broken up	Poor	Very weathered	4:50	17:05	10.0	5.2	0.3 ft.	6%	300 psi	250-300 psi	8	Rod drop 60.8-61.0 ft.	
62.0	5:10				300 psi						250-300 psi	9			
63.0	Run #2 con't on p. 2				300 psi						250-300 psi	10	Core ended 0850 hrs Run #2		

Figure 10. Log of rock core

# Health advisory for people who eat sport fish from Wisconsin waters

October 1988



This publication explains which sport fish species in Wisconsin lakes and rivers do not meet health standards for a number of toxic pollutants. It describes health precautions you should consider before you decide to eat fish you've caught from waters where contaminants pose a problem.

It's important to note that this guide features two different sets of health advice: one for fish contaminated with PCBs and pesticides (pages 1 and 2), and another for fish contaminated with mercury (pages 3 through 8). Generally, people who should take the most precautions are children aged 18 or less, women in their child-bearing years, and women who are pregnant or breastfeeding.

## PCB and pesticide contamination in fish

	Group 1 These fish pose the lowest health risk.	Group 2 Women and children should not eat these fish.	Group 3 No one should eat these fish.
See page 2 for specific health advice on each group of fish.			
<b>LAKE MICHIGAN</b>	Lake trout up to 20" Coho salmon up to 26" Chinook salmon up to 21" Brook trout Rainbow trout Pink salmon Smelt Perch	Lake trout 20 to 23" Coho salmon over 26" Chinook salmon 21 to 32" Brown trout up to 23"	Lake trout over 23" Chinook salmon 32 to 35" Chinook salmon over 35" Brown trout over 23" Carp Catfish
<b>SHEBOYGAN RIVER</b> in Sheboygan County from the dam at Sheboygan Falls to the Coast Guard station in the City of Sheboygan, including <b>Greendale and Weedens Creeks</b>	Coho salmon up to 26" Chinook salmon up to 21"	Rainbow trout Brook trout Coho salmon over 26" Chinook salmon 21 to 32"	Rock bass* Carp* Smallmouth bass* Walleye* Northern pike* Brown trout Catfish* Chinook salmon 32 to 35" Chinook salmon over 35"
<b>MILWAUKEE RIVER</b> in Milwaukee County (includes <b>Milwaukee Harbor</b> ) from its mouth up to the North Avenue dam, including the <b>Kinnickinnic and Menomonee Rivers</b>	Perch  NOTE: Follow Lake Michigan advisory above for trout and salmon.		Crappie Northern pike Carp* Redhorse Smallmouth bass
<b>MILWAUKEE RIVER</b> from the North Avenue dam in Milwaukee County upstream to the Lime Kiln Dam at Grafton (Ozaukee County)	Rock bass up to 8.5" Largemouth bass up to 13"	Redhorse	Northern pike Carp
<b>CEDAR CREEK</b> from the Milwaukee River up to Bridge Road in the Village of Cedarburg			All species*
<b>HEALTH ADVICE for the chart above</b>			
<b>GROUP 1:</b> Contaminant levels in 10 percent or less of tested Group 1 fish are higher than one or more health standards. <b>EATING GROUP 1 FISH POSES THE LOWEST HEALTH RISK.</b> Trim fat and skin from Group 1 fish before cooking and eating them.			
<b>GROUP 2:</b> Contaminant levels in more than 10 percent but less than 50 percent of tested Group 2 fish are higher than one or more health standards. <b>CHILDREN UNDER 15, NURSING MOTHERS, PREGNANT WOMEN, AND WOMEN WHO ANTICIPATE BEARING CHILDREN SHOULD NOT EAT GROUP 2 FISH.</b> You should also limit your overall consumption of other Group 2 fish, and trim skin and fat from these fish before cooking and eating them. (NOTE: See specific health advice for mercury-contaminated fish in the Petenwell Flowage and Lake Superior elsewhere in this publication.			
<b>GROUP 3:</b> Contaminant levels in 50 percent or more of tested Group 3 fish are higher than one or more health standards. <b>NO ONE SHOULD EAT GROUP 3 FISH.</b>  *Ninety percent or more of Group 3 fish marked with an asterisk (*) contain contaminant levels higher than one or more health standards.			
<b>U.S. Food &amp; Drug Administration and Wisconsin Division of Health Standards for Contaminants Commonly Found in Sport Fish</b>  PCBs 2 parts per million (ppm) DDT 5 ppm Toxaphene 5 ppm Chlordane 0.3 ppm Dieldrin 0.3 ppm Mercury 0.5 ppm Dioxin 50 parts per trillion			
<b>SOURCE:</b> Wisconsin Division of Health and Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources October 1988			

Figure 11. The Fish consumption advisory for the Sheboygan AOC

## WISCONSIN WATERFOWL CONSUMPTION ADVISORY

Wisconsin Division of Health  
Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources  
June, 1987

Location	Health advice
LOWER FOX RIVER from Lake Winnebago at Neenah and Menasha downstream, including Little Lake Butte des Morts, to the northeast city limits of Kaukauna	Remove all skin and visible fat before cooking <u>mallard ducks</u> using these waters. Discard drippings or stuffing because they may retain fat that contains PCBs.
LOWER FOX RIVER from the De Pere Dam to the river's mouth at Green Bay, and lower GREEN BAY south of a line from Point Sauble west to the west shore of Green Bay	
SHEBOYGAN RIVER from Sheboygan Falls downstream to the river's mouth at Lake Michigan	No one should eat <u>mallard ducks</u> using this water.
SHEBOYGAN HARBOR	No one should eat <u>lesser scaup</u> ( <u>bluebills</u> ) using this water.
MILWAUKEE RIVER from Highway 167 (Thiensville) upstream to Lime Kiln Dam at Grafton and CEDAR CREEK from the Milwaukee River up to Bridge Road in the Village of Cedarburg	No one should eat <u>mallard ducks</u> using these waters.
MILWAUKEE HARBOR	No one should eat <u>black ducks</u> using this water.

NOTE: The U.S. Food and Drug Administration standard for PCBs (polychlorinated biphenyls), in poultry is 3 parts per million calculated on a fat basis.

Figure 12. The wildlife consumption advisory for the Sheboygan AOC